Haughey elected new Irish premier

DUBLIN (R) — Charles Haughey, the great survivor in Irish politics. Tuesday narrowly became prime minister for the third time when the speaker of parliament used his casting vote to break an 82-82 tie and put him into power. His victory, one of the most spectacular political construction a colourful career that has been rocked by scandals and challenges to his leadership, saved Ireland from being plunged into yet another election campaign. Left-wing independent deputy Tony Gregory facilitated Haughey's win by deciding at the last moment to abstain. After a tense day of high drama in Ireland's 25th parliament, the leadership vote was tied 82-82 and the new speaker, independent Sean Treacy, stepped in to ensure Haughey can now bring in a



Dajani reshuffles governors

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani Tuesday issued a communique transferring 20 governors and district governors from their present positions to new posts and appointing two new deputy governors. Among those affected by the transfers were Mr. Eid Qatarneh, governor of Ma'an, who has been appointed governor of Zarqa, deputy governor of Amman Mohammad Jariri, who was made governor at the Ministry of Interior, and the deputy governor of Balqa, Jamal Al Momani, who became acting governor of Ma'an. The two appointees were Mr. Mohammad Hahashneh who was named deputy governor of Karak and Mr. Ismail Jarrah who became deputy governor of

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o in Medi-

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY MARCH 11, 1987, RAJAB 11 1407

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Sandi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Golan

Arabs

protest

Israeli

killing of

TEL AVIV (AP) - Arab inhabi-

tants of the Golan Heights went

on strike Tuesday to protest the

killing of a 51-year-old woman

who was shot in the head by

Israeli police during a demonstra-

All businesses and schools were

closed and thousands of residents

from the occupied Golan villages

walked in processions to the vil-

lage of Buq'ata to attend the midday funeral of Rali Farkhat, a

mother of four, who died in a Haifa Hospital Monday. Hundreds of police and border

police were on guard in case nf tronhle, the radio said. Several

arrests were made, according to

the Palestine Press Service which

monitors events in territories

The police spokesman was not

The shooting of Farkhat occur-

in his office to confirm the report.

red Sunday as Arabs waving Sy-

rian flags clashed with police in

Bnq'ata and nearhy Magdal

Shams after gathering to mark

the 24th anniversary of Syria's

About 16,000 Arabs and 8,000

Meanwhile Syria Tuesday drew

the United Nations attention to

mounting Israeli terrorist tactics

Foreign Minister Farouq Al

Perez de Cuellar to "the mount-

ing practices of suppression and

terrorism being exercised hy

Israeli occupation authorities in the Syrian Golan Heights, which

SANA quoted the message as

saying the situation reached a

climax on Sunday when Israeli

forces "savagely assaulted"

He said one Syrian woman was

killed and many others were

"We put these facts before the

international community to remind once again of Israel's

aggressive, expansionist nature

and its contempt of international

law and the U.N. charter," Mr.

Sharaa said in his message.

have claimed innocent lives."

Jewish settlers live nn the Golan

a strategic plateau which Israe

ruling Baath Party.

innexed in 1981.

ported.

volution.

wounded.

occupied by Israel in 1967.

tion, Israel Radio reported.

woman

King receives cables of good wishes

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday received a cable from the former head of the military council in Sudan, Field Marshal Ahdul Rahman Swareddahab, expressing appreciation for the hospitality accorded him during his stay in the Kingdom. King Hussein also received a cable from Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu whn was flying through Jordanian airspace on his way to India. The president wished the King health and happiness and more progress and prosperity for the Jordanian people. He also lauded the strong ties of friendship between Romania and Jordan

Rifai chairs Cabinet meeting

AMMAN (Petra) - Prime Minister Zaid Rifai chaired a Cabinet meeting nn Tuesday. The gathering endorsed a number of deci-

Turkey says Ammarin has no immunity

ANKARA (R) - A military court decided Tuesday that a Jordanian emhassy employee charged with spying has no di-plomatic immunity because he is a lnng-term president of Turkey, Anatolian Agency said. Adnan Musa Suleiman Ammarin, a Jordanian working as a translator at his country's emhassy, and a Turk, Ali Kent, face 15 years in prison if found guilty on charges of gathering information on military installations for Syria.

Egypt, Congo urge Mideast peace talks

CAIRO (R) — Congo agreed with Egypt Tuesday that an international Middle East peace conference should be called and that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) should attend. Egypt and Congo "agree that peace efforts should continue in the context of an international conference to be attended by all the parties concerned, including the PLO," a communique said.

Andreotti meets with Craxi

ROME (AP) — Premier-designate Ginlio Andrentti. trying tn overcome Socialist opposition to his attempt to form a new government, met Tuesday with Bettino Craxi and said he received assurances the Socialist leader had nothing personal against him.

Babbitt enters presidential race

MANCHESTER, N.H. (R) Former Arizona Governor Bruce Bahhitt Tuesday officially declared himself a candidate for the Democratic nomination in the 1988 U.S. presidential race. Babbitt, 49, heir to a \$20-million family fortune, tested a campaign slogan hy declaring his desire to put "America in charge again."

Human rights body condemns abductions

GENEVA (R) - A French resolution condemning hostagetaking throughout the world was unanimously adopted by the 43nation U.N. Human Rights Commission. The resolution demanded the release of hostages of all nationalities and called on governments to punish abductors.

- Crown Prince continues series of open meetings,
- year amid nervousness over his changes, page 4
- Americans count the cost of old age, page 5

- page 6
 Financial conditions worsen for 15 heavily
- indebted states, page 7
- blow to long-term U.S. contra aid, page 8

Camps war erupts again as Syrian troops raid AUB

Relief supplies blocked from reaching Shatila

mite exploded in a rubbish heap

near the West German emhassy,

closed for more than a month.

Police said another stick of

dynamite, apparently hnried

from a speeding car, went off in a

rubbish heap near the seafront

and a bomb exploded under a car

parked near the Bristol Hotel, a

few metres from a Syrian army

briefly blocked roads near the

sites of the hlasts, the first re-

ported in west Beirut since more

than 7,000 Syrian soldiers de-

The Syrians have not taken

control of the heleaguered

Palestinian camps of Shatila or

Bourj Al Barajneh. Sniper and

mortar fire erupted around Shati-

down on militia anarchy.

Witnesses said Syrian troops

checkpoint.

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Mortar and sniper fire broke out Tuesday around a Palestinian refugee camp after heavy overnight clashes in south Beirut that killed four people and injured seven, militia sources said.

Shooting blocked a relief convoy sponsored hy Saudi Arabia which was trying to reach a besieged Palestinian refugee camp in Beirut Tuesday, a Palestinian spokesman said.

He said three refugees were wounded when Shi'ite Muslim Amal · militiamen fired on four trucks carrying supplies donated hy a Saudi Arabian charity, the Aid Committee of the Two Holy Shrines, as they approached Sha-tila camp in southern Beirut.

"The shooting stopped the re-lief operation and the trucks went back," the spokesman said. An Amal source denied that

the militia had opened fire. In mainly Muslim west Beirut, three explosions caused alarm, but police had no immediate reports of casualties.

Witnesses said a woman was slightly hurt when a stick of dyna-

France increasing aid to Chad

PARIS (R) — President François Mitterrand said Tuesday France was continually boosting its aid to Chad and declared that a solution to the conflict in the central African state would depend primarily on military strength..

"French aid to Chad is increasing with each month," Mr. Mit-terrand told reporters at a diplomatic press funch.

France, which last month strengthened and redeployed its Chad force, now has over 2,200 men backing President Hissene Habre in his conflict with Libyan and rebel troops.
So far French soldiers have not

joined in fighting in the north but provide logistical support and air cover within a defence perimeter stretching to the 16th parallel.

Mr. Mitterrand said there

appeared little hope of a peaceful settlement, saying: "Lihyan troops continue to occupy illegitimately a part of Chadian territury. This poses a military problem.

Chad war to top OAU agenda in Cairo meeting

ADDIS ABABA (R) — A group of African leaders will gather in Cairo Wednesday for talks on the conflict in Chad and other issues in a mid-term review of the work of the Organisation of African Uni-

Chad is likely to be the liveliest issue although there is httle sign that the OAU or other would-be peacemakers are having any influence on the struggle between the Western-backed government of Hissene l'abre and Libyan forces entren hed in the north. Sanctions against South Africa

are also a recurrent topic at African gatherings, with Kenya in particular facing increasing pressure from other nations to ban stop-overs by flights to Johannes-

The meeting is expected to discuss Africa's economic problems, especially its growing inter-national debt, and the OAU's own financial troubles, which have forced cut-backs in its bureaucracy and operations.

tiators decided at Tuesday's ses-Several heads of state have sion to meet three times a week confirmed that they will be going - Tuesday, Wednesday and to Cairo for the one-day meeting Thursday - with possible addiof the OAU Coordinating Burean tional sessions at the request of elected at last July's summit. either side.

the clashes forced people to stay haddled in four underground shelters. "They can't venture ont because sniping hits anything that

An official of the Saudi Arabian charity, Husni Majzoud, said the relief supplies were handed over to the pro-Syrian National Salvation Front after the convoy turned back.

seven. A Palestinian spokesman said

"After that, we don't know what happened," he said, adding that the trucks were loaded with 55 tonnes of sugar, rice, milk, cooking nil and canned food. Monday night's Amal-

Palestinian fighting was some of the worst since the Syrians moved into west Beirut to halt battles hetween Amal and leftist militias. Some 3,000 people live in Shatila, a shantytown that grew out a ployed there on Feh. 22 to crack camp founded to house Palesti-

> Syrian troops are deployed near the camps in mainly Shi'ite areas in Beirut, but not around them. Syrian officers have hinted they may deploy in south Beirut, but have not made a clear state-

Shi'ite officials have voiced reserves about a Syrian entry into the crowded maze of alleyways, mainly controlled by Amal but also harbouring strongholds of Hizbollah (Party of God). Ahhas Musawi, a senior Hiz-

bollah official. on Sunday warned Syria against entering the south Beirut suburbs or disarming Hizbollah militants.
In a separate development elite

Syrian troops raided the chaosridden American University of Beirut (AUB) early Tuesday and detained for several hours 15 student representatives of rival Druze and Shi'ite Muslim militias, police said.

Several pistols and submachine guns were seized in the raid, which a police spokesman termed as a "warning" to students to refrain from political activities

Police said commando paratroopers of the Syrian army's Special Forces staged the five-hour search-and-arrest raid at the AUB's two men's dormitories. Witnesses said the students were dragged out of bed and trucked away in the raid that ended at

la after overnight camps fighting killed four people and injured PLO factions hold reconciliation talks

TUNIS (R) — Factions of the are the pro-Arafat Palestine Li-Palestine Liberation Organisa- beration Front of Mohammad tion (PLO) are involved in talks in Tunis and Algiers aimed at reconciling their differences, a PLO spokesman said Tuesday,

Three Syrian-hased groups, which have opposed PLO leader in the talks to prepare for a session of the Palestine National Council (PNC), the PLO's parliament-in-exile. Representatives of five fac-

tions, including Mr. Arafat's Fateh group and two Syrianbased organisations, the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) and the Palestinian Communist Party, were due to bold a third day of talks in Tunis Tuesday, PLO spokesman Ahmad Abderrahman told Re-

The two other groups in Tunis

beration Front of Mohammad Ahbas (Abu Ahhas) and the Arab Liberation Front.

The sixth group involved is the Syrian-based Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP). Its leader, George Habbash, met Mr. Arafat's military deputy, Khalil Al Wazir, in Algiers Monday night, Mr. Abderrahman added.

All the groups are due to meet in Algiers this week to continue talks there, he said. The last PNC session was held

in Amman in November, 1984. Mr. Wazir, also known as Abu

Jihad, told Reuters here before leaving for Algiers Monday that no date had yet been set for a PNC meeting, which is due to be held in the Algerian capital. He refused to be drawn on an capital Sunday.

ling block in PLO reconciliation talks — the suspended 1985 PLO-Jordanian accord on joint Middle East peace moves.

Abu Jihad is due to go to Prague and Moscow after the Algiers talks, Mr. Abderrahman said, without giving details who he would see there. The talks in Tunis have been at

the level of deputy leaders of factions and the Algiers meetings planned this week are scheduled to last two days, he added.

Iraq's Foreign Minister Taren Aziz and Mr. Arafat Monday reviewed latest developments in the Iran-Iraq war.
The official Iraqi News Agency

INA said they also discussed Palestinian and Arah issues. Mr. Arafat arrived in the Iraqi

crowds celebrating Syria's 24th anniversary of the March 8 re-Israeli government defeats no-confidence motion

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel's coalition government Tuesday defeated four no-confidence motions in parliament over its handling of the Jonathan Pollard spy affair which is clouding relations with Washington. Political tension has been high An Israeli newspaper said the

United States was restricting intelligence cooperation with Israel to show its displeasure over the promotion of an Israeli officer who recruited the U.S. navy analyst to spy for the Jewish state (See story on page 2).

States and the Soviet Union

Tuesday opened a special session

of talks on curbing medium-range

nuclear missiles with a prelimin-

ary meeting that set out a brisk

pace for coming days, a U.S.

The meeting at the Soviet di-plomatic mission was the first by

the group negotiating on those

weapons since the seventh round

of U.S.-Soviet talks on nuclear

and space arms adjourned last

Both sides agreed then that the

talks on intermediate-range nuc-

lear forces (INF) --- part of three-

tier negotiations dealing separ-

ately with medium-range mis-siles, long-range missiles and

space weapons - would continue

The decision followed propos-

als made last week by both sides

for radical cuts in the superpow-

ers' medium-range nuclear

The U.S. official said nego-

beyond that date.

arsenals.

official said.

Three opposition left-wing fac-tions and Rabbi Meir Kahane's anti-Arab Kach Party proposed the no-confidence motions, but the nine-party government's overwhelming majority defeated the motions on a show of hands.

in Israel since Pollard, 32, was sentenced to life imprisonment by a Washington court last week for passing secret U.S. documents to "What happenend here?

Amateurism? Stupidity? Irres-

the closed-door talks, and it was

not clear how long the latest INF

discussions would last. An eighth

round of the full superpower talks

Soviet officials declined im-

Earlier Tuesday an American

spokesman said Washington's

team would start detailing the

Under the plan now envisaged,

the Soviet Union would withdraw

its triple-warhead SS-20 missiles

aimed at Western Europe while

the United States would elimin-

ate its Pershing-2 and cruise mis-

100 atomic warheads outside

control effort began on an opti-mistic note, with chief Soviet

negotiator Yuly Vorontsov saying a breakthrough had been made

and predicting a treaty within

His American counterpart Max

Kampelman has been more cau-

tions, saying he was aiming at the

spring of 1988 but refusing to set

three to four months.

a specific date.

Each side would be permitted

The latest U.S.-Soviet arms

latest U.S. draft treaty.

mediate comment on the

begins on April 23.

ponsibility?" asked Victor Shemtov from the leftist Mapam Party during the parliamentary debate. "It turns out it was all those three things together."

The opposition parliamentarians were angered that Transport Minister Chaim Corfu, a relatively junior minister, was given the jnh nf representing the government in the debate. Corfu said Israel had done its best to help a U.S. investigation

The U.S. negotiator nn

medium-range missiles, Maynard Glitman, arrived Tuesday from

Washington, where he had been

called for consultations, the U.S.

In Washington, talks between the United States and Western

allies on verifying a superpower agreement on medium-range mis-

siles are proceeding well with no

major obstacles, a Western diplo-

mat said Tuesday.

The diplomat, who asked that

his name not be published, gave

an upbeat assessment of a meet-

ing in Washington Monday be-

tween the United States and rep-

resentatives of five European

countries affected by the deploy-

ment of cruise and Pershing-2

The weapons are stationed in

Britain, West Germany, Italy and

Belgium. The Netherlands is set

to deploy them next year.
"We're very encouraged that

the proper consultative process

... has gotten under way," the

diplomat told Reuters.
"We (the European allies

affected by the INF missiles) all

accept the principle of on-site

inspection. The devil is in the

detail," the diplomat said.

nuclear missiles.

official said.

He added that continuation of suc. practices would be "a danger to the explosive situation in the (Arah) region and a threat to of the affair and vowed to do so in world peace and security." Honduran U.S., Soviets resume Euromissile talks combat jets following expressions of optimism GENEVA (R) — The United Nn more details filtered from The U.S. I

shoot down unknown aircraft

TEGUCIGALPA (R) — Honduran combat jets shot down an unknown C-47 transport near El Salvador after it entered from Nicaragua and flew over Tegucigalpa, ignoring all calls to identify itself, military authorities said

A Honduran military spokes-man said the plane was shot down at 11:30 Monday night (0530 GMT Tuesday) by jets that eaught up with it near Cucuyagua, located in Copan province 40 kilometres from El Salvador and 30 kilometres from Guatemala. The spokesman, Col. Manuel

Suarez Benavides, speaking on Radio HRN, did not mention any survivors and said investigators were examining the wreckage to try to identify the plane.

He said that Honduran combat jets were dispatched to follow the plane, which he said appeared to

Majali in Morocco after talks in Tunis state secretary at the Ministry of

CASABLANCA (Agencies) — Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Abdul Wahah Al Majali flew in from Tunis on Tuesday for talks with Moroccan officials on means to strengthen cooperation between the two

Prior to his departure from Tunis, he was received by Tunisian President Habih Bourguiba at the Carthage Palace. Mr. Majali arrived in Tunis on Sunday on a three-day visit here

during which he met with Tuni-sian Prime Minister Rachid Sfar and both men agreed to boost cooperation.

Majali was received on Tuesday by Mr. Ahmad Ibn Arafah, the

Mr. Majali was seen off at Tunis airport by Mr. M'barka, a number of Tunisian officials and Jordan's ambassador to Tunisia.

During his stay in Tunis, Mr. Mr. Majali is accompanied by director of the Jordan Phosphate Mines Company Wasif Azar.

Bodies of 15 victims sent to Britain

ZEEBRUGGE, Belgium (Agencies) - Fifteen more bodies of victims of the North Sea ferry disaster were sent to England on Tuesday, following a first group of 18 bodies taken the previous night hy freighter. Officials said they all were British nationals. Twenty other bodies have been

taken to a hospital in nearby Bruges, awaiting identification. Of the 53 confirmed dead, 41 have been identified by kin, officials said and 81 are presumed dead, trapped inside the halfsuhmerged Herald of Free Enterprise ferry that capsized outside Zeebrugge Harbour. There were occupied from Syria in 1967 and

409 survivors. Thirty-three bodies are now in England," said Jane Lawrence, spokesman for Townsend Thoresen, the ferry company.

Salvaging inspector Hans against people in the Syrian occu-Walenkamp of Smit Tak Internapied Golan Heights, the official tional, the Dutch company that Syrian News Agency SANA rewill try to salvage the ferry, said it would take at least three weeks to pull the ferry upright. Sharaa referred in a message to U.N. Secretary-General Javier

"Our first aim will be to reach the bodies," he told a news conference. But he said divers would

was "prudent" tn dn so. Walenkamp said his firm planned to position three barges with hydraulic heaving equipment off the stricken vessel. They will pull the ferry upright by 32 cahles to be welded to 32 "strong points" along the main deck from bow to

Foreign Affairs responsible for

During the meeting, both Mr. Majali and Mr. Ibn Arafah stres-

sed the need to increase the

exchange of visits between Jorda-

nian and Tunisian husinessmen

and the need to promote both

countries' products. On Monday, Mr. Majali also held talks with Energy Minister Slaheddine Ben

Mharka on ways of increasing cooperation in the mining sector and in fertiliser production.

international cooperation.

Once the cahles have been fastened, he said, the capsized ferry could be pulled upright in one day, after which water would be pumped out and the ship towed hack into Zeebrugge Harbour, about 1,000 metres away.

Meanwhile in Bremerhaven, West Germany, the ferry builders' chief engineer said Tuesday the capsized British ferry did not have signal lights on the hridge that show when the bow doors

Juergen Buessenschnett told Reuters that four similar roll-on roll-off ferries owned by Townsend Thorensen were rehuilt last year and had modifications, including a door warning system on the hridge. The Herald of Free Enterprise did not have such an only go into the ferry as long as it installation.

Freij criticises EC aid to West bank

Freij, attacked the European Community (EC) Tuesday for failing to provide significant assistance to the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza.

"I believe the European position is not encouraging in any way," Mr. Freij said in a radio interview after talks in Jordan on an economie development plan for the occupied territories.

He complained that the 12only \$3 million in aid to the ity in that area."

TEL AVIV (R) — The Palestinian Mayor of Bethlehem, Elias occupied territories this year, after \$2 million in 1986, of which half went on scholarships for Palestinians to study in Europe.

"There is not a single project in the West Bank which was financed by any European country," Mr. Freij said. If the EC really wanted to help, it should give at least \$30 million, he added.

The EC representative in Israel, Gwyn Morgan, said the \$3 million was only "a beginning of nation Community had offered the commitment by the Commun-

Shevardnadze opens talks in Kampuchea after bomb in Laos

ign Minister Eduard Shevard- new ideas on ending the eightnadze opened talks on the Kam- year-old Kampuchean war, the puchean issue in Phnom Penh Tuesday after a visit to Laos Moscow in its drive to improve shattered by a bomb blast outside ties with Asia. a Soviet office in Vientiane. The embattled Phnom Penh

government, under attack by anti-Vietnamese guerrillas and shunned by the non-Communist world, greeted him with strong reminders of Moscow's staunch support for it in the past.

Phnom Penh Radio said Mr. Shevardnadze arrived from Vientiane, where residents said a powerful bomb killed one Laotian man and injured another Monday outside the Soviet Cultural Centre in a main street of the capital.

The residents said the early morning blast appeared aimed at embarrassing Laos's secretive government, which has since 1975 been tightly aligned to Moscow's ally Vietnam and has received large amounts of Soviet military and economic aid.

It was not clear whether Mr. Shevardnadze, who will also travel to Vietnam this week, was due to visit the centre, which was also the target of a bomb blast in 1982

The Kremlin minister, on his first tour of Indochina and South

BANGKOK (R) - Soviet Fore- East Asia, has not presented any deepest diplomatie issue facing

> In Moscow, a Soviet Fnreign Ministry spokesman confirmed an explosion had taken place in Vientiane Monday during Mr. Shevardnadze's visit.

Gennady Gerasimov tald reporters: "We have only got preliminary information that there was an explosion in the centre of the city. We have no additional information as to the causes and the resuits."

Vietnam has been diplomatically isolated since it overthrew the Khmer Rouge and installed Heng Samrin in power in 1979 along with 140,000 troops.

The United Nations recognises the three-party guerrilla coalition led by Prince Norodom Sihanouk as the legitimate government and regularly calls on Hanoi to withdraw. Sihanouk is also backed hy China, the Association of South-East Asian Nations and Western

After his arrival, Mr. Shevardnadze laid a wreath at a monument to fallen Kampuchean Communists, the state-run radio

- Cruz resignation called a
- tion with Israel, page 2

- affecting U.S. coopera-

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 Gorbachev enters third
- · McEnroe beats Lendl.

Spy case reportedly affecting U.S. cooperation with Israel

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger has ordered the Pentagon to restrict its cooperation with Israel following the Jonathan Pollard spy scandal, the Hadashot newspaper said Tuesday.

The report quoted U.S. sources as saying the cutback was in areas in which Israel enjoyed special treatment, an apparent reference to intelligence and

strategie cooperatinn. A U.S. embassy official deelined to confirm or deny reports that Washington was restricting intelligence cooperation and rejecting hids by Israeli companies

for American security contracts. Hadashot said Mr. Weinberger had nrdered close security supervision of Israeli diplomats in the United States and any visiting Israeli defence officials.

On Monday night, Israeli stateman Ahba Eban vowed to investigate the spy scandal involving Pollard, a U.S. navy intelligence analyst sentenced to life imprisonment by a Washington court last week for passing secrets

"We have read that this matter does not call for any further action," said Eban, chairman of Knesset's Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee, and a former foreign minister.

"That is the government's view, but il is not binding nn the Knesset (parliament)," he said.

TEL AVIV (AP) - The United

States gave the go-ahead to Cana-

da to reject Israel's candidate for

military attache, the English-lan-

guage Jerusalem Post has re-

Clark turned down the nomina-

tion of Brig.-Gen. Amos Yaron,

Israel's military attache in

Washington, saying it would not be "appropriate" to grant him

diplomatie accreditation. Mr.

Clark did nnt elaborate hut Cana-

TEL AVIV (R) — Israel's s

reme court ordered Justice Minis-

ter Avraham Sharir Tuesday to.

show cause why a Jew convicted

of killing an Arab nightcluh nwn-er in France shnuld uot be extra-

Supreme court President Meir

Shamgar tald a packed court

hearing that Sharir must justify

his Dec. 4 decision not to extra-

dite William Nakash, 25, nu

grounds his life would be in dan-

Nakash, now an Israeli, was

sentenced to life imprisonment in

his absence by a French court nn

charges of killing an Algerian

ger in a French prison.

dited there.

Canada's Fnreign Minister Joe

U.S. said to be behind

Canada's rejection of attache

Minister asked to show reason

1983.

for not extraditing criminal

The Labour Party legislator said his group's intelligence subcommittee would investigate the scandal and reserved the right to summon all those involved to

Three left-wing opposition par-ties, Mapam, the Citizen's Rights Movement and the Progressive List For Peace submitted noconfidence mntions to parliament for debate Tuesday.

Mr. Shamir appeared Monday before Mr. Eban's full committee but refused to answer questinns on the government's handling nf the affair and said Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin might provide details when he meets the sub-

committee on Thursday. The right-wing Likud Party leader rejected calls for an investigation as hysteria.

There is no need for a commission of inquiry," Shamir said in a speech Monday night to the Israel Bar Association.

"(What happened) is usually known to those who should know and whoever does not know, should continue not knowing,"

"The committee has not had the privilege of bearing any re-

dian abservers said it was because

of Yaron's role as commander of

Israeli forces in Beirut during the

massacre of hundreds of Palesti-

nians in the Sabra and Shatila

refugee camps in September

Acenrding to the Post's

Washington correspondent, the

U.S. government, which accepted Yaron as military

attache last August, is now trying to have him recalled to Israel.

port on the Pollard affair apart that just doesn't happen here.' cern as a kind of hysteria." Mr. Eban said. "I protest at the level and style of the prime minister's statement.

Israeli leaders say the Pollard's spying activities were planned behind their back by a now-disbanded intelligence unit of the Defence Ministry.

The espinnage affair has put Eban, an eloquent Cambridgeeducated spokesman for Israel, back in the limelight at home, where he admits, he enjoys less popularity than he does abroad.

Eban, 71 last month, has not been a cabinet member since 1974 when he ended an eight-year term as foreign minister under the cloud of the Labour governmeut's failure to foresee the 1973 Middle East war.

Shamir said Tuesday the rift over the Pollard spy case must now be allowed to heal. Shamir also said a committee

headed by prominent legislator Abba Eban that hoped to investigate the affair had nn right to do

Shamir snnght Tuesday tn downplay the tension, saying: ter Yitzhak Shamir said: "The "This is a hitch which occurred 15 state of Israel did not hire him or mnnths ago and the process of healing has been going on since sions. then. All this talk of treachery is exaggerated. We must explain, calm down and heal.'

Therefore, the situation of this family is perhaps a human or moral problem but it is not one He said: "Eban cannnt invite the country has to concern itself everybody in the committee, about.

Kuwait, Sudan join in bid to reconcile leaders of S. Yemen

KUWAIT (R) — Kuwait was reported Tuesday to have been joined by Sudan in a bid to An Israeli group calling itself "Citizens For Pollard" appealed Tuesday for donations to help reconcile South Yemen's leaders Jnnathan Pollard and his wife and refugee opponents as a step towards improved ties between "If the Israeli government does Aden and North Yemen.

nnt, then the citizens of Israel Kuwait has long tried to bridge should give encouragement and differences between the Yemeni support to the Pollards. They neighbours, on the southern tip of need it and deserve it," the group the Arabian peninsula, which began talks in 1982 nu a merger. Kuwait's Al Watan newspaper said Tuesday Sudan was also The advertisement gave the seeking to patch up differences numbers of twn bank accounts to between the rival Marxist factions

in South Yemen. Arah diplomats say Kuwait has stepped up its role as mediator since its emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sahah, became symbolie head of the Islamic World.

As bost of a summit of Islamie leaders last January, he assumed the chairmanship of the 46-member Organisation of Islamie Conference (OIC) for three years. Knwait's minister of state for

foreign affairs, Saud Mnhammad Al Osaimi, visited Aden Monday after a stop in Nurth Yemen with messages from Sheikh Jaber for the leaders of both countries.

The nature of the contacts, taking Mr. Osaimi on his second peace shuttle in a mnnth, were not made publie.

The diplomats say Kuwait is seeking in heal rifts between Aden's ruling faction, led by President Haider Ahn Baker Al Attas, and apponents who took refuge in North Yemen after the overthrow in January 1986 of President Ali Nasser Mohammad.

Al Watan Tuesday quoted Sudanese Prime Minister Sadeo Al Mahdi as saying his foreign minister, Sharif Hindi, had been tn Sanaa, the North Yemeni capital, and would visit Aden to encourage the factions to close ranks.

It was not immediately clear whether the Knwaiti and Sudanese missions were linked. Mr. Attas and North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh met in Libya last May to review ties after relations soured following the clashes earlier in the year.

Diplomatic sources in the region said Aden's demand for the return of its refugees from North Yemen was the main obstacle towards progress in the unity

The whereabouts of Ali Nasser, who has vowed to wrest back control in Aden, are unclear. He has been reported variously in Elhinpia, Syria and North Yemen.

Mr. Attas, during a meeting with Mr. Osaimi Monday night, thanked Kuwait for its efforts to strengthen Arah solidarity - a key goal spelled nut by the emir at January's O1C summit

ADC to hold convention on April 2

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -The American-Arab Anti-Discrimination Committee (ADC) will hold its 1987 National Convention on April 2-5 at the Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel in Crystal City, Virginia. Entitled "Arab America: A

Strong New Vnice," ADC's convention will attract upwards of 3.000 Arab-American civie and business leaders from throughout the United States. It promises to be the largest political gathering of Arah-Americans in recent

A full schedule of panel discussions will focus nn the emergence nf Arab-America as a vital, proactive and articulate interest group nu the American social and political scene.

panelists scheduled to address --convention include FBI Director William Webster; Trans-Africa Director Randall Rohinson; Rep. Lee Hamilton, Chairman of the House Select Committee on U.S. Arms Transactions with Iran; Dr. Edward Said; Los Angeles Times reporter David Lamb, author of The Arabs: Journeys Beyond the Mirage; award-winning investigative journalist Robert 1. Friedman; former hostages David Jacobsen and Rev. Martin Jenco; attorney Dan Stormer of the defence team of the Palestinian deportation case in Los Angeles; and many more.

Speakers and panelists will discuss a wide range of topics con-cerning the challenges facing the level in 1938.

The distinguished speakers and Arab-American community in the years to come.

Last year, ADC, the largest grassroots organisation of Arab-Americans, successfully orga-nised its membership into a petent force dedicated to defending its civil rights and its cultural identity, Haagen-Dazs, Pilisbury, Coleco Industries, Elektra Records, Warner Communications. Cannan Films, Weyerbacuser Corp. and several smaller companies all have come to realise thal Arab-Americans are here to

The 1987 ADC National Convention will infuse our community with renewed vitality and will give ADC a mandate for growth and grassroots action on every

Khashoggi tells of 'jest' over Iran arms deal

NEW YORK (R) - Saudi businessman Adnan Khashoggi was quoted Tuesday as saying he deliberately deceived senior U.S. officials in the Iran arms affair.

The New York Times quoted Mr. Khashnggi as saying he deceived former Central Intelligence Agency Director William Casey and other officials who used him as an intermediary in the sale of U.S. arms to Iran.

Mr. Khashoggi also said Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) officials believed him when be told them in jest that his financial records were buried under seven hills in the Saudi desert.

He said the nfficials took him seriously and wrote to the Sandi Embassy in Washington to try to recover his records.

Mr. Khashoggi told the news-paper he deceived Mr. Casey by inventing a group of Canadians whom he said threatened to reveal the secret arms sales unless they were immediately reimbursed for a \$10 million contribution they had supposedly made towards buying the weapons.

He said the story was intended to increase pressure on the Reagan administration to repay money owed to an associate.

Corporations controlled by Mr. Khashoggi played a major role in financing the arms sales to Iran and the diversion of some of the profits to Nicaraguan contra re-

Senate and House committees are investigating the sales and diversion of the profits and a commission headed by former Senator John Tower criticised President Reagan for not paying close ennugh attention to the activities of his aides in the affair.

Mr. Khashoggi also said the United States had frozen six of his bank accounts, containing about \$60 million, while investigators try to track down what happened to the money from the Iran arms sales.

But he said U.S. investigators had been unable to find all his accounts because they did not even know the names of all his

Opposition group says 18 executed in Tehran jail

exiled Iranian oppositing group said Tuesday that 18 political prisnners were executed last month at Tehran's Evin Prison. The claim by the People's Mu-

ahedeeu, made in a telex from its nffice in Washington, D.C., could not be independently confirmed and the Iranian government had nn immediate com-The group said the 14 men and

four women were put tn death at the end of Fehruary, without giving a date, and named the tortured man as Rassoul Mnhammadzadeh Shahryari. The Mnjahedeen said they

were political prisoners hut did unt give details of the offences they were being held nn.

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) - An the Islamic government, also said there were no political prisoners amning the thousands of detainees pardoned recently by Avaioliah Ruhollah Khomeini.

On Mnnday, the Mujahedeen said in a telex from its Baghdad nffice that its guerrillas killed more than 20 Revolutionary Guards in clashes Feb. 18 in the south eastern oil city of Ahvaz. It said its fighters also killed the commander in charge of guarding

televisinn transmission staling in south eastern Iran on Feb. 23. In an earlier clash Feh. 13. guerrillas attacked a government building in Mashhad in north eastern Iran, the group said. It gave no netails of government casualnes in that attack.

The Mujahedeen did not report The group, the largest fighting any casualties among as fighters.

Libya says Lange using 'colonialist logic' in Pacific

Zealand Prime Minister David Lange had resorted to "colonialist logic" in remarks about a Libyan diplomatic drive in the South Pacifie. Libyan television Monday

night quoted a Foreign Ministry 'sources" in Tripoli as saying Libvan moves to establish ties with states in the region were a "sovereign decision" which did not depend on the will of New Zealand or any other country.

ce saying in a statement Mr. peoples and countries of the West region," the statement said.

LONDON (R) - Libya said New Indian Oceans as a spokesman for them." "They are peoples who under-

> nf colonialist powers in the reginn," the statement said.
> The term "Nest Indian Ocean" apparently was used in reference to the South Pacific.

stand their interests and the role

"The actual danger threatening te security and independence of the West Indian Ocean countries derives in fact from France. which occupies the Kanak people 13 The television, monitored by in New Caladonia, and America the British Broadcasting Cor- which makes the waters of the poration (BBC), quoted the Indian Ocean into a theatre for-Lange was "not appointed by the threatening the penples of this

Turkey reportedly holds 12 Kurdish guerrillas

border where 14 civilians were

ANKARA (R) - Turkish secur- for the killings - and were car-

Gunes said Thesday.

The newspaper said they were members of the underground-Kurdish Workers Party (PKK) — which has been held responsible

Gunes said this brought to 16 the number of PKK rehels held in a massive military nperation in the area, while a further 138 people were also detained.

TV & RADIO

.. Arab series

23:05

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773//1-19 PROGRAMME ONE Cartoons (Flinstone) Children's programme .. Arabic serie

PROGRAMME TWO 18:00 'Des chiffres et des lettres 18:20 L'ecole des fans .. News in French News in Hebrew Three's Company 21:10 Documentary: "A gentle way with cancer" (eps. 2)
22:90 Mestseller. Captain and the Kings eps. (6)

RADIO JORDAN 835 KHz. AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

1et: //4111-19		
Light Music		
Newsdesk		
Morning Show		
News Summary		
News Summary Morning Show Contd.		
Country Music		
Songs from Movies		
News Summary		
Readings		
Pop Session		
News Summary		
Pop Session		
News Bulletin		
Instrumentals		
Follow the Wind		
Pollow the Wind		
Concert Hour		
News in Summary		
Instrumentals		
Old Favourites		
Jordan Weekly		
Pop Session		
News Summary		
Rock Profile		
News Desk		
Date with a Star		
Evening Show		

News Summary

He fled his native France soon after the killing and became an Israeli under the "law of return,"

which allows all Jews to claim Israeli citizenship, except if sought 'nn criminal charges A French extradition request

was filed when the authorities learned that Nakash was in a prison here in connection with an attempted hold-up.
Nakash now says he has be-

come a newly-observant Jew and has found support among religinus Jews who have mounted a powerful public campaign here against his extradition.

> Evening Show Could, News Summary
> Evening Show Continued
> News Summary

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1325 KHz

86:00 Newsdesk 96:30 People and Pets 86:40 Book Choice 86:45 Reflections 86:50 Financial News 97:90 World News 97:89 24 Hours: News Summary

News 67:59 24 Hours: News Summary 67:30 Report on Religion 07:45 The World Today 68:60 Newsdesk 68:30 Meridian 69:50 World News 19:50 24 Hours: News Summary 69:30 Development 87 10:60 World News 19:09 Reflections 19:15 Classical Record Review 19:30 Hoax 11:00 World News 11:50 Britain 19:09 Hours: News 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News; Look Ahead 11:45 Choirs of Britain 12:00 News Summary; Omnibus 12:30 My Word 13:60 World News 13:99 News About Britain 13:15 People and Pets 13:25 A Letter from Wales 13:20 Meridian 14:60 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Masterpiece in Miniature 14:25 The Parming World 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Development

15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Development 87 16:00 News Summary; Outlook 16:45 Report on Religion 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 A Music of Work 17:30 After Henry 18:10 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Rock Salad 18:45

The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 A Letter from Wales 19:15 Technologies for the 21st Century 19:30 New Ideas 19:40 Book Choice 19:50

'Israel tops U.S. list of Pretoria arms sellers' TEL AVIV (R) — Israel tops a military aid to countries vinlating

U.S. State Department list of countries cooperating with South Africa in possible violation of an international arms embargo on Pretoria, the Ha'aretz newspaper said Tuesday.

The list is in the draft of a report to be submitted to the U.S. Congress on April 1 concerning nations which cooperate militarily with Pretoria despite the embargo, the newspaper said, quoting government sources in

A sanctions law enacted by the United States last year despite objections by President Reagan authorises Congress to stop U.S.

the arms ban. Israel, which asked the United States for \$3 billion this year, is believed to be a major arms supplier to Pretoria. Israeli leaders refuse to discuss the deals.

Israeli fund established to help

jailed for spying for Israel.

said in a newspaper advertise-

which donations could be made.

A Washington court last week

sentenced Pollard to life impris-

onment for passing hundreds of

top-secret documents to Israel.

His wife Anne, implicated in the

affair, received a five-year term.

they faced legal fees estimated at

Asked by reporters if Israel would help Pollard, Prime Minis-

assign him any espinnage mis-

The Israeli media reported that

Ha'aretz said the State Department draft report focused mainly on Israel's links with South Africa but also mentioned four European countries. The newspaper did not name the countries. Israeli officials fear the final

report will come down hard no Israel during a period of strained relations with Washington over the Jonathan Pollard spy case, the newspaper said.

Abu Nidal indicted in Rome airport attack

ROME (AP) — Ahu Nidal and two other Palestmians have been indicted in the 1985 attack that al split with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in 1973.

La Repubblica newspaper rekilled 16 people at Rome's main ported on Tuesday that Rosarin

airport, a Rome newspaper re-ported on Tuesday.

Priore, an investigating magis-trate, had reviewed Mr. Sica's Last month judicial sources re- request and had decided to indict ported that Domenico Sica, one Abu Nidal, Rashid Al Hamieda of Italy's top investigators, had recommended the indictment of Abu Nidal, who heads the Fatch Revolutionary Council. Actually named Sabri Al Banna, Abu Nidal. Rashid Al Hamieda and Mahmoud Ibrahim Khaled, who was the only terrorist to survive the Dec. 27, 1985, massacre at Leonardo Da Vinci Airport.

WHAT'S GOING ON

A fine arts exhibition by Egyptian artist Rifqi Razzaz at the Royal Cultural Centre (until March 15).

LECTURE

CULTURAL CENTRES

Soviet Cultural Centre Spanish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre Haya Arts Centre Y.W.C.A. 641793 Y.W.M.A. 664251 Amman Municipal Library 637111 Univ. of Jordan Library 843555 **MUSEUMS**

Sports Round-up 20:06 Newsdesk 23:00 News Summary; Rock Salad **VOICE OF AMERICA** MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 Hz

65:00 News 05:10 Newsline 05:30 VOA 65:00 News 85:10 Newsine 05:30 VOA Morning 06:00 News 86:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:30 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 06:30 News 96:10 Newsline 05:30 VOA Morning 17:00 Newsline 05:30 VOA Morning 17:00 Newsline 17:30 Music USA 18:00 News 18:10 Focus 18:30 Special English News & Features 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Newsline Show 20:40 Newsline 19:30 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:00 News 21:10 Newsline America 21:30 Music USA Jazz 22:00 News & Erlitorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:10 World Report

TODAY'S EVENTS

EXHIBITIONS

An art exhibition by a group of Jordanian plastic artists at the Jordanian Plastic Artists Association.

On the French-Jordanian excavations in the Jordan Valley by Dr. Zeidan Kefafi at 7:00 p.m. at Goethe Institute.

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 661026/7 American Centre 644371 American Centre Library 641520 641993 ein Youth City 667181/6

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium. Open all week 9:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday. Folktore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerath (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman, Opening hours: 9,00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Cal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9,00 a.m.-5,00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10,00 a.m. to 4,00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th

19th Century orientalist artists. Mantazah, Jabal Laweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel.

630128. Martyrs' Memorial (Military Massum): Collection of military memorabilis deting from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Ammau. Opening hours 9.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Ammun Cub. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Hoti-day Inn. 1:30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings ev-ery second and Sourth Wednesday at ery second and burth Wednescry at the Annuou Hotel, 7:30 p.m. Philadelphia Retury Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Ims, 1:30 p.m. Retury Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontunental Hotel, 2:00 p.m. Royal Automobile Clab. Jabal Am-man, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534,

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amanaciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdett, Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Charch (Roman Catholic). Jabel Luweibdeh, mass in Italian Language, meet every Sanurday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366
Church of the Annanciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.
Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906.
Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafreh, Armenian Cathodex Church Ashra-fich, Tel. 775261 St. Ephratus Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieb, Tel. 771751.

Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern

Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel.

Evangelical Lutheran Church Jabal Amman, 6th Circle, (Rev. N. Smir),

Tel. 811295.

INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should be presented by the confidence of the confiden

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

...... Dubai, Abn Ohabi (RJ ... New York, Amsterdam (RJ 17:35 New York, Amsterdam (2)
18:45 Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna (RJ)
18:35 London, Geneva (RJ)
18:45 Bangkok (RJ)
19:15 Madrid, Beigrade (RJ)
01:00 Baghdad (RJ)

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

..... Sana'a (IY ... Cairo (MS Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF ... Kuwait (KU Athens, Damascus (OA) Baghdad (IA) Paris, Damascus (AF) 19:30 Baghdad (IA)
Tripoli, Damascus (PK)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

Agzba (RJ)
Vk-ma, New York (RJ)
London (RJ) Bahrain, Doha (RJ) Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) Kuwait Dhahran (R.I) Baghdad (RJ)
Jeddah (RJ) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Larusce, Zurich (SR)

Doha, Muscat (GF)

Kuwait (KU) 15:00 15:00

FOR THE TRAVELLER

PRAYER TIMES 15:05

MONEY EXCHANGE

Tuesday rates Local vell/buy rates in fils French franc
Italian lira
Japanese yen (for 100)
Swedish crown 220.2/ 222.5 Swedish crown 201.2/ 22.5 Swedish crown 217.4/ 219.7 U.K. sterfing pound 557/ 542.1 U.S. dollar 339/ 341.4 W. German mark 183.4/ 185.2

WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy, with chance for scattered rain, especially in the western parts. Winds will be westerly moderate. In Agaba, winds will be northerly moderate and calm sea.

Jordan Valley 10 / 18 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 9.7, Aqaba 22. Humidity readings: Amman 70 per cent. Aqaba 27 per cent. Criro, Lendon (BA) 98:45 Damascus, Tripoli (PK)
10:15 Damascus, Rome (AZ)
10:30 Damascus (IY)

ity forces captured 12 Kurdish rying guns, grenades and proprebels near a village on the Iraqi aganda material. . massacred last month, the daily the report.

There was no ennfirmating of

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS. **EMERGENCIES** Ministry of Tourism

Overseas calls

First aid **NIGHT DUTY**

Pire headquarters 622090-3 Police rescue 192, 621111, 637777 Police headquarters 639141

Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08)53330/60 HOSPITALS

Hustein Medical Centre 813813/32
Khalidi Maternity. J. Ama 644281/6
Akileli Maternity. J. Ama 642481/2
Jabai Amusan Maternity 642362
Malhas, J. Amusan 636140
Palestine, Shmeisani 6641714
Shmeisani Hospital 667121/3
University Hospital 667221/9
The Islamic, Abdeli 666127/37
Al-Abd. Abdeli 6648464/6

Al-Ahli, Abdali Italian, Al-Muhajreen Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh GENERAL

Jordan Television 77311/19

636730 Neiroukh Pharmacy
Khaiai pharmacy
Saheb pharmacy . 778653 Neel taxi . Talal taxi 644438 Faisal taxi 627051 Dr. Abdul Rahim Hadidi Salt pharmacy (--)

ZARQA: Dr. Abdul Rahim Khashashneh

Samira pharmacy

983022

MARKET PRICES

777101/3

T		
Upper/lower price in fils per kig.	Gardie (dev)	400 - 500
pple (All kinds) 310 / 270	Garlic (dry)	0001 : 340
20202	Orapeniul	130 / 90
anana	Lemon	110 / 70
KUANA (MXIKATIMAT) 770 / 220	Macon	1101 70
cans	Marrow .	110 <i>† 7</i> 0
road house		170 / 139
road beans 100 / 60	Cnica (green)	130 / 100
W-0001	Orange 1 Alm Same	~~~
49040C	Orange (Abu Surra)	200 1 200
armi (black)	Orange (Shammouti)	250 / 309-
arrot (black)	Peas	14A / TER
	Pepper (bot)	100
	Depres (dos)	500, 5
autiflower (white)	Pepper (sweet)	2511 375
autiflower (white) 130 / 90	Potato	190/10
	Raddish	60.5
W-UINDELS 100 / 4 /4	Spinnel	
	Sparace	PER TE
Explant (large)	Spinach Tomatoes	130/363
ggplant (large)	Turnip	- 01

حكذا منه الملصل

Haj Hassan returns from Arab labour conference

Khaled Al Haj Hassan returned to Amman on Tuesday after representing Jordan at the 15th meeting of the Arab Labour Organisation's (ALO) conference held in Baghdad.

In a statement upon returning to Amman, the minister said that the participants discussed a report by the ALO director general on the relationship between technology, development and employment, the ALO's activities and achievements and ALO recommendations concerning promoting the organisation's various centres and institutes.

subject of the ALO's particips- ALO conference. Also on the agenda was the

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Labour and Social Development International Labour Organisation (ILO) to be held in Geneva in June, the minister continued. He said Jordan submitted two proposals concerning measures for supporting the steadfastness of Arab workers under Israeli rule, adding that the proposals were endorsed by the majority of

> Mr. Haj Hassan delivered Jordan's address to the meeting in which he spoke about the condition of Arab workers, Israel's confiscation of Arab property in Palestine and the Iraq-Iran war. He also met with a number of Arab ministers attending the

NEWS IN BRIEF

Municipality modifies traffic lights

AMMAN (Petra) — Modifications to the traffic light system in Amman have been made to speed up the movement of vehicles at junctions. A municipality spokesman said that traffic lighting systems at a number of junctions have been reorganised so that the amber light will no longer be used when the light changes from red to green. But, he said, the amber light will show when changing from green to red. This system was shown to have saved five per cent waiting time at a model junction.

Refinery donates JD 10,000 to universities

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordan Petroleum Refinery Company (JPRC) has decided to donate JD 10,000 annually to the University of Science and Technology and Mn'ta University. A JPRC spokesman said that similar annual contributions go to the University of Jordan and Yarmouk University.

U.S. women's delegation due today

AMMAN (Petra) — A U.S. women's delegation is due here today for a visit to Jordan and talks with Jordanian women's unions. A spokesman for the Ministry of Social Development's women's department, which organised the visit, said that the 15-member delegation will discuss promoting cultural exchanges between U.S. and Jordanian women's federations and will familiarise themselves with the achievements of Jordanian women in various fields. The delegation members will also be taken on a tour of archaeological sites and Palestinian refugee camps in the

Zarqa destroys spoiled foodstuffs

ZARQA (Petra) — Zarqa Municipality on Tuesday destroyed a large quantity of canned food unfit for human consumption and warned that it will intensify inspection tours to ensure that store keepers abide by regulations concerning food supplies sold to the public. Mr. Badri Bahauddin from the municipality said that merchants violating the regulations would be referred to court for trial. Dr. Rabah Bourini, director of the bealth services in Zarqu; was present when the confiscated food stuffs were destroyed

Municipality to attend housing symposium

AMMAN (Petra) — Greater Amman Municipality will take part in a 3-day pan-Arab symposium on low-cost housing, due to be held in Tunis on March 17. During the symposis organised by the Arab Ministers of Housing and Reconstruction Council's technical secretariat, in cooperation with the Tunisian Ministry of Housing, participants will discuss a number of issues, pertaining to development planning and housing policies and strategies. They will also discuss methods and means followed in implementing low-cost housing projects and quality of materials used and financing systems.

University to host symposium on plasticulture technology

AMMAN (Petra) — A three-day symposium on the technology of plasticulture will open at the University of Jordan's Faculty of Agriculture on Monday, according to Dr. Mohammad Suwwan. who is rapporteur of a committee preparing for the symposium.

Dr. Suwwan said that the participants will discuss technology used in implementing a plasticulture research project being conducted hy a team from France, University of Jordan specialists and agricultural engineers. He said that the symposium will discuss the subject of modifying plastic coverings used for growing crops in dry and semi-arid re-

The results of joint research conducted over the past five years will also be on the agenda and will be discussed by specialists from Jordan, Egypt, Saudi Ara-bia and West Germany in addition to French organisations. According to Dr. Mahmoud

Dweiri, dean of the Faculty of Agriculture at the University of Jordan, the joint French-Jorda-nian project is being conducted within the framework of bilateral cooperation and the teams involved in the project have conducted a series of research works designed to improve the quality of local crops,

Forces band will take part in the function and prizes and gifts will

be distributed to children,

according to the spokesman. The

organisers expect to entertain

3.000 children and other visitors

whose contributions will benefit

Save the Children Fund program-

The SCF, which was founded

in Jordan in 1974, carries out

integrated health and social ser-

vice projects for mothers and

children in different parts of the

mes and activities.

Save the Children Fund to hold spring festival on April 3

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian Save the Children Fund (SCF) will bold a 1987 spring festival at the Plaza Hutel in Amman on April 3 under the patronage of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, chairperson of the Queen Alia Social Welfare Fund (QASWF).

A spokesman for the hotel said that the event will include a variety of activities for children including a puppet show, lottery, and a fancy dress party in addition to other forms of entertainment and a charity bazaar. The Armed

Jordanian child wins prize in UNICEF art competition

AMMAN (J.T.) — A Jordanian

child was one of the winners in a world's children art competition in Japan held as part of the celebrations and activities marking the 40th anniversary of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). Rasheed Sultan Al Rousan, aged 10, from Jordan was awarded a prize for his colourful

drawing of birds on a tree. The Japan committee for UN-1CEF organised the event in which forty countries took part, and provided 846 drawings, in addition to 400,000 entries from

Japan, according to a UNICEF press release. The children's art exhibition toured the cities of Tokyo, Nagoya, Fukuoka, and Osaka during the months of August and November 1986.

Drawings of children from kindergarten, primary, and juniorhigh school groups were displayed by the touring exhibition, each noting the name, sex, age and nationality of the child. These drawings depicted scenes from daily life, landscape, bouses, clothes and children's games.

No plans to freeze privatisation Crown Prince continues series of TCC, Husseini says

By Rana Sabbagh Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Minister of Com-munications Muhieddine Al Husseini said Tuesday that the government has no plans to freeze the privatisation scheme of the government-owned Telecommunications Corporation (TCC).

"Suggestions to this effect (freezing privatisation of the TCC) are untrue. There is no retreat whatsoever on our announced plans to privatise the company," Mr. Husseini told the Jordan Times. The Cabinet last year endorsed

the transformation of the TCC into a public-shareholding company, with the government hold-ing all shares, as a first step towards changing it into a properly market-oriented commercial entity. At a later stage, the government is to decide on whether or nor it private sector participation will be sought. "We have endorsed the principle of privatis-ing TCC and we still stick to our decision," said Mr. Husseini.

The minister was commenting on speculation that the government has withdrawn its preliminary approval to privatise a number of public companies into shareholding institutions operating on a commercial basis. The privatisation plans cover the TCC, the Royal Jordanian airline and the Public Transport Cor-

"As far as we (the TCC) are concerned, things are moving on the right track. But I cannot comment on the standings of other companies included in the government's privatisation plans," said Mr. Husseini. "We are heading towards transforming the TCC's status in a relentless drive. We have embarked on practical steps to achieve this goal," said Mr. Husseini, during an interview in his office at the ministry's new headquarters off the Eighth

The actual transformation of the TCC into a public sharehold- million in total revenues for 1986, million.

ing company involves three phases and is expected to be completed in two years from now, said Mr. Husseini, who also chairs the company's board.

According to the minister, Jordanian expertise and the company's staff are mainly employed to do assessments regarding the three stages, and in rare instances, foreign expertise might be sought. Five experts from British Teleconsult, the consultancy arm of British Telecom - which itself -has been recently privatised completed their assessment of the viability of the TCC privatisation.

The first step is working on a new financial and accounting order for the TCC, changing its accounting procedure from the government accounting method into commercial notes and balance sheets, he explained. "It will be ready in a year from today," the minister said.

Draft law

The second stage of the company's transformation would be "charting a law," to govern its activities through legal means. A year or more will be needed to draw up the company's draft law, before it is endorsed by the Cabinet, Parliament and later enforced hy Royal Decree, he

Stage three will entail evaluating TCC's assets based on a profit tn capital ratio tn determine the value of each share, and the number of shares to he divided amongst the public sector. .

"If we decide to sell shares to the private sector, we'll be seeking underwriting companies and some consultancies - if needed to guide the process," Mr. Hus-seini said. "We shall need a long time from now before the third stage is completed and before we decide on whether or not we want the private sector's participation," he continued.

The TCC, which employs almost 4,000 staff, posted JD 42



out of which JD 22 million were counted as net profits, according to Mr. Husseini.

Private participation

Indicating government hesitance over private sector participation in the TCC, be said: Until now, there is no concrete visualisation on the volume of and the possibilities of opening the door for the private purchase nf some of the TCC's total

"Private sector participation will depend on the government's attitude and perceptions when the right moment comes in the

Mr. Husseini stated that the privatisation scheme pertaining to the TCC was not launched to improve its financial position or to increase its revenues, which are stand out in comparison with other service-oriented publicowned companies.

According to the minister, the whole step was undertaken in order to provide the corporation with financial and administrative independence and flexibility as well as to remove the red-tape in decision making and taking.
TCC, has held a monopoly

over the Kingdom's telecom munications services since 1971 and well-placed sources have estimated the corporation's total assets and investments at JD 400

Preparatory committee draws up framework

for int'l conference on Jordan's history AMMAN (T.T.)—'A committee al of the Department of Anti-scientific studies would present a entire of with preparing for the committee took decisions and re-spicture about the history of the

on the History and Archaeology of Jordan Tuesday ended its twothe conterence's deliberations and objectives. The conference is due to be held in the French city of Lyon in 1989 and a host of scholars from France, Jordan and other nations are expected to participate in the meetings. Summing up the committee's

work over the past two days, Dr. Adnan Al Hadidi, director gener-

'solutions which could contribute towards the success of the confer- hoods, inaccuracies and biases day meeting in Amman after ence, the fourth international which characterised some previous working out a final framework for symposium on Jordan's history studies, Dr. Hadidi said

The committee members expressed appreciation for His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan's opening speech to the committee meeting on Monday when he called for a revision of studies and archaeological discoveries in Jordan and Palestine. The Crown Prince said sound, region and could refute all false-

The committee, be added, has set up a sub-committee to follow up on the implementation of Prince Hassan's proposals.

In addition, the committee formed a second sub-committee grouping Jordanian and French scholars to work out a final agenda for the conference, Dr. Hadidi pointed ont.

He added that the new draft

of open meetings to review new direction of education policy

SALT ((Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan on Tuesday underlined the need to reassess the educational situation in Jordan in order to improve the quality of education.

This reassessment is required appraisal of the educational proso that the country can define its needs of education for the future, especially since Jordan is now involved in discussing the educational policy of the Kingdom, covering general education, higher education, school textbooks, syllabuses, teachers and all other factors which are part of the educatinn policy, the Crown Prince said.

Addressing a meeting of educatinnalists, directors of education departments and teachers in Balqa Governorate, Prince Hassan said that his current series of tours in various governorates were part of an effort for conducting an evaluation and

cess. He expressed bope that through his study of the situation and in cooperation with educationalists, a new educational policy would he finalised. "A special educational team has worked out the framework of this policy, and we are now involved in continuous sessions for arriving at a final version before putting the finishing touches to this policy," Prince Hassan said. He said that a process of re-

appraisal is essential for different reasons, but largely for the sake of identifying the needs of the a thorough analysis of school labour market. "I believe that we work, cooperation between pastill lack guidance for the proper rents and teachers and other fac-

for the Kingdom and which can meet the Jordanian community's needs and the aspirations of the youth at the same time." Prince Hassan said.

The meeting, which was held at the girls comprehensive school in Salt, ws attended by Minister of Education Thougan Al Hindawi, seninr Ministry of Education officials and directors of education departments in the Balqa reginn.

Prince Hassan called for a special meeting in which teachers from all nver the country could take part in nrder tn discuss school syllahuses. This meeting which the Crown Prince suggested should be held during the summer hulidays, should involve choice of trades, vocations and tors affecting education, he said.

Seminar reflects concern over curbing drugs problem whilst still manageable

By Sa'ad G. Hattar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

MMAN — Justice Minister Riyad Shaka'a said Tuesday that Jordan does not bave a 'grave narcotics problem" compared to other neighbouring countries. The minister's assertion came in a speech he delivered at the outset of a two-day seminar on narcotics and their socio-economic impact on society, the second seminar on the sujbect in two weeks, reflecting growing ufficial concern over the need to curh the problem before it grows to larger propor-

Over the past two months, several drug traffickers were caught by security forces and large quantities of narcotics were seized, hitting the front pages of newspapers and bringing to the fore the scale of a potential narcotics problem and the need to launch preventative measures. In his speech to the seminar,

which was organised by the Business and Professional Women's Club (BPWC), Mr. Sbaka'a said that the government was formu-lating a new draft law governing narcotics cases. The new draft law, currently being assessed by the legislation bureau, would in-, troduce harsher sentences against article in the new legislation entitles the court to issue the death sentence against armed drug-traffickers should they resist the antinarcotics squad and if any sbooting resulted in the death of one of the anti-narcotics personnel, the

law will impose penalties on doctors, pharmacists and drug stores should they violate rules which prohibit the sale of medicaments without medical prescriptions.

The draft law will give exceptional authority to all the concerned authorities entrusted with combating drug trafficking, the minister told the seminar which was jointly patronised by himself and Health Minister Zaid

In his speech, Dr. Hamzeh shed light nn his ministry's newly established drug rehabilitation centre for the rehabilitation of drug addicts. He said that the Ministry of Health was keen to enact a comprehensive national programme — defining the role of all concerned authorities — in order to head-off the drug problem before it grows. In the past, Dr. Hamzeh added, Jordan was not worried about a handful of drug smugglers who used the Kingdom as transit point, but recently substantial quantities of drugs were found to bye entered the country.

Public Security Department (PSD) Director Lieutenant General Abdul Hadi Majali said that his department has managed to apprehend some of the most dangerons international rings jali said that 319 drug trafficking cases have been brought to justice over the past few years. convicting 775 people of different nationalities.

Prosecutor General Sa'id Durra also delivered a speech in which he ontlined the legal aspects and legislations related to narcotics cases. Mr. Durra also spoke about Jordan's cooperation in this regard with other Arah countries,

Earlier, the cluh's president Hind Abdul Jaber delivered a speech in which she spoke of the need to curh the narcotics problem and the importance of recommendations likely to come out at the end of the seminar.

The audience then heard a working paper presented by lawyer Ahmad Najdawi which included a study nn the present narcotics law and its applications. Lawyer Tawfiq Salem presented an ontline of the projected narcotics draft law which is expected to come into force once it has passed through the usual constitutional

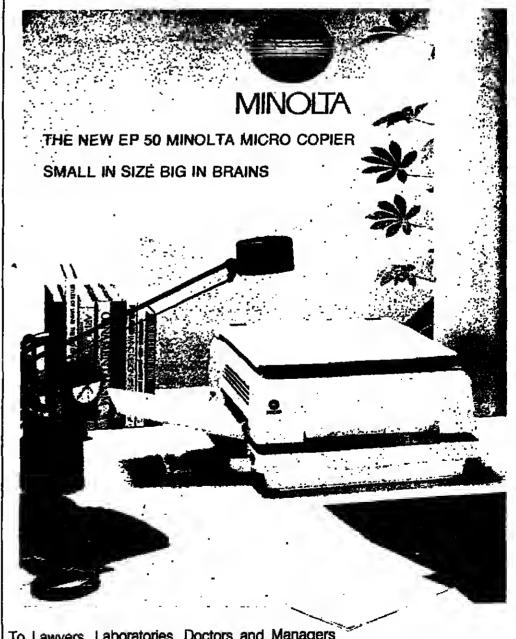
The application of the narcotics law as well as the role of the Public Security Department in combating drug addiction were two working papers presented respectively by Brigadier Ghaleb Suleiman and Colonel Hashem

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Egyptian writer calls on men and women to work together against social injustices

By Najwa Najjar rdan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Unless men and women work together to free their society from the "grips of the enemy", women in the Mid-dle East will never be liberated, said Mrs. Fathia Assal, a well-

known Egyptian playwright.
Addressing the Jordanian Writers' Association (JWA). Mrs. Assal said: "I am against the idea that man is the main oppressor of Arab women." She believes that because man himself is enslaved, he wants to enslave others.

According to Mrs. Assal, societies in the Arab World are imprisoned by the West and im-perialism because their economies are tied to international capitalism. She used the open door policy of Egypt as an example: "This policy opened Egyptian society to capitalism, wheting the consumers' appetites, (especially women's) for foreign imports. As a result, salaries were not enough to accommodate the consumers' needs and the income was no longer spent on national goods," Mrs. Assal said. "Similarly, Arab consumers became fuel for foreign industries," she

Mrs. Assal, who was invited by the IWA to speak at a six-day seminar which ended Sunday and which was entitled "the causes of Jordanian women" said that only if a society is free, can there be free individuals. "Therefore, both men and women must work together to overcome the forces which control society. As we look at our tradition and history to understand our reality, we will understand that men and women have one cause, and that is the cause of society," she said, "and history and tradition can not be changed without an overall transformation."

The aim of women's struggle is to be free from the male domination, not to hate men, but to unite in order to fight reaction-

ary forces and laws, imperialism and Zionism in the region and in order to form a free society," said Mrs. Assal, who is a member of the executive committee of the Egyptian coalition party and secretary general of the writers in

Women's causes and political issues

She noted with dismay that the present trend is to separate women's causes and social/ political causes. Mrs. Assal said that the international women's conference held in Cairo last year would not take a stand against Camp David nor (Israeli Prime Minister Shimon) Peres visit which was taking place at the time of the conference. "We were told we should not mix politics and women's issues." "Then we found out why," she continued. "The conference was organised

by the Ford Foundation. Mrs. Assal related a personal experience to an enthusiastic crowd gathered at the JWA to hear her speech. "When I was 10, my father would not let me out of the house. I never entered school, as my father did not think it was important. I saw this as a

social reality we live."
"We must be aware of the realities we are living in the Arab World," she said and proposed the establishment and encouragement of institutions, societies, unions and clubs for this purpose. "A lecture, the JWA, the street, all institutions can be part of an awareness campaign," Mrs. Assal

On her part Mrs. Assal has translated her ideas into plays. In one of her works, Mrs. Assal portrays the man as sensitive but one who becomes devoid of emotion as a result of responsibilities, which he did not ask for, being placed on his shoulders from the day he was born. "It was his upbringing which split man and woman. When the boy in the

story cries, his father hits him. and when his father dies and the boy cries again, his mother hits him saying 'your father did not raise a man.' From that day the boy saw the woman as a weak and repulsive creature." Mrs. Raja Abu Ghazeleh, a

short story writer, poet and pain-ter, said that Mrs. Assai's work showed the truth and reality in a courageous manners. Mrs. Abu Ghazeleh quoted a male Egyp-tian critic as describing Mrs. Assal as "top of the few women playwrights we have, the best among her contemporary male colleagues."

Self education

Although the Egyptian play-wright has not attended school, she taught herself how to read and write and then studied the art of writing scenarios at an institute. She wrote her first programme for radio in 1956 and her first play in 1957 — in which she described the pain a woman experiences when her husband marries for a second time. Ten years later she wrote her first episodes for television.

Presently, all her new plays are forbidden to be shown on Egyptian television, but that has not stopped Mrs. Assal from writing. One play, alled "Confrontation." is about acts of betrayal from the British occupation until now. The play of 17 episodes took her two years of continuous work to complete. Because of her plays and political beliefs, Mrs. Assal has been imprisoned several times.

In addition to being a member of the coalition party, Mrs. Assal is a member of the Egyptian writers and artists association, and is on the executive committee of the progressive women's organisation in Egypt. She has also opened a school for illiterates,

Mrs. Assal lives in Cairo with her husband, Abdulia Toukhy, a writer, and her four children.

barries of the Bodyl of Directors CHRICAD AL KANDO esponsible Editor and Director Bendral MOHAMMAD AMAD. that in Chief. ONCE S. HAWATMEN iforial and advertising of Iordan Press Foundation, University Rosel, P.D. Por 6210, An Telephones: 667171-6_679601-4 THEA- 21401 ALRAY IO csiniije 661242-The Jordan Times is published that the second decision Subscription and advertising rates do substitute from the second Times advertising computational.

Deja vu, again

THE naming of Israeli army Col. Aviem Sella, accused recruiter of convicted American spy Jonathan Pollard, to command a key Israeli air force base has sparked a diplomatic row between the United States and Israel, much as it generated pressure within Israel for a state inquiry. Pollard was recently sentenced by a U.S. court to life imprisonment for providing officials in the Israeli government with over 1,000 classified intelligence documents.

. It seems that Col. Sella's promotion has tried even the seemingly limitless American patience towards Israel. U.S. Secretary of Defence Caspar Weinberger seemed to express dissatisfaction with the leniency of the seutence when he said Pollard should have been hanged for what he did.

Later Weinberger reportedly ordered a curb in U.S.-Israeli intelligence cooperation and a shelving of defence contracts with Israeli firms. This strong American reaction seems to have created a political storm in Israel, with cabinet members calling for a state inquiry into the Pollard affair. The hig three in Israel, Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, and Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin, have rejected such calls, and instead, have submitted the issue to the inner cabinet, in effect, to prevent any public .2 bate on the subject. One gets the impression that these top officials know a lot more than they are admitting. Until now, they have denied knowledge of the espionage operation.

We have to wonder, however, if all this furor really signifies a crises in U.S.-Israeli relations. The sharp American reaction comes after 15 months of reticence on the affair, and appears to be focussed on Col. Sella, His promotion seems to have violated a tacit agreement with the Israeli government not to promote anyone clearly implicated in the spying; the U.S. government, however, is not clamouring to know if top Israeli officials were involved. And, the U.S. is certainly not questioning its intimate alliance with Israel, all the high-level espionage to the contrary

It appears that the United States is content to make Col. Sella the scapegoat for the affair and to return relations with Israel to normalcy. But, the Israeli government is reluctant to grant the U.S. even this much. Shamir is saying Sella and others have been "punished" enough. And here is where the whole story ends. It looks like deja vu all over again. Doesn't it?

ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Peace dawns on Lebanon

ALL indications points to an imminent solution for the Lebanese question and the achievement of peace for all the Lebanese people.

This bas become possible with the deployment of Syrian troops in west Beirut who put an end to fighting and the presence of the militia that caused so much destruction and loss of life. The peace that has have proved the arrival of these troops in the city payed the been prevailing since the arrival of these troops in the city paved the way for dialogue among various factions and political groups for the sake of putting a final end to the tragedy and the disaster. This deployment of forces was the beginning of the road towards security and stability and peace which will tinally come out from among the ruins and destruction. The dialogue and the presence of the Syrian troops in Beirut present a golden ebance for the different political parties and groups to launch a serious effort for a national reconciliation for the sake of bringing back peace to Lebanon and safeguarding the independence and territorial integrity of that country. It is also a chance for Arab countries to extend all possible support and help to Lebanon and the Lebanese in their struggle to re-establish peace and regain security and stability. The presence of Syrian troops in Beirut and the prevailing calm and peace in the city offer a precious opportunity for the Lebanese to come together and work out a formula that can ensure a lasting peace.

Al Dustour: A conviction of Israel

A life sentence imposed on Jonathan Pollard, the Israeli spy in the United States was in fact a conviction of Israel itself and its leaders who proved to have been involved with Pollard in espionage work. The U.S. administration of course knows all the details of the espionage activity conducted by Pollard and also realises the dimension of damage caused by Pollard's treason to the United States itself. Yet, the White House, the State Department in Washington and Congress are keeping silent about Israel's implica-tion in the case and some senior officials are in fact trying to cover up for Israel's role in the case, exactly as they did following the exposure of Israel's role in the U.S.-Iran arms deal scandal. What would bave bappened had another country caused this damage to America's security, or at least declined to cooperate with U.S. officials investigating the case, as Israel has done? The United States which bore the damage due to Pollard's espionage activity, is itself trying to reduce the impact of this scandal on the U.S.-Israeli relations, and the American Secretary of State George Sbultz has said that Israel has promised never to resort to such activity again. For the Arabs, this scandal and the official U.S. reaction to it represent another evidence that the United States bas completely lost all its credibility as a superpower. For this reason the Arabs ought to think of a new method of dealing with that country which is irrevocably biased towards Israel and doing all that is possible in its power to serve Israel's interests.

Sawt Al Shaab: Help for West Bank, Gaza

THERE is no doubt that the Israelis have benefitted from the lack of solidarity and joint action between Arab states and worked to consolidate their hold on Arab land under their rule. What Jordan is trying to do in the absence of joint Arab action is to extend belp to the inbabitants of the occupied territories with the purpose of supporting their steadfastness in the face of Israel's arbitrary actions. This assistance does not substitute a just and lasting peace in the region which can ensure the rights of the Palestinian people in their homeland. Jordan's five year development plan for the West Bank and the Gaza Strip is designed as a measure to belp the Arab inhabitants improve their living conditions and resist Israel's plans. Minister of Occupied Territories Affairs Marwan Dudin explained this plan and its objectives at a meeting with local and foreign press pointing out Jordanian government efforts and announcing that the government has already started spending millions of dinars in the occupied Arab land in order to strengthen the infrastructure of the economic and social sectors there. At the same time Jordan is trying to enlist help from Arab and foreign countries for this humanitarian

Gorbachev enters third year amid nervousness over his changes

By Tony Barber

MOSCOW — Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev started his third year in office on Wednesday amid growing signs of nervousness in the Communist Party and Soviet society over his ambitious drive for change.

On the foreign policy front, Gorbachev has tried to inject new dynamism into Moscow's positions on areas as varied as nuclear arms control, the war in Afghanistan, Soviet-Chinese relations and the Soviet's East European

At home, he bas striven for more opennes in public life, weeded out officials linked with the late President Leonid Brezhnev, urged economie reforms. freed dissidents and even hinted at an official review of the crimes of Josef Stalin.

The result is a ferment in Soviet life unparalleled since Nikita Khrushchev, who de-nounced Stalin in 1956, freed a vast number of people from labour camps and, like Gorbachev, extended the limits of self-expression in the arts.

Gorbachev has spelled out the herculean scale of his tasks by filling his speeches with attacks on opponents of his policies in the party and state bureaucracy and references to widespread apathy in Soviet society.

He told party activists in the Baltie republic of Latvia last month: "Objectively and realistically evaluating the situation, it is clear that the most difficult time that Gorbachev's opponents are control issues. will be this year and the following using the line that he hasn't come Gorbachev h

Western diplomats said Gorbachev could consolidate his position against domestic critics if he were able to score a major foreign policy success, particularly an arms control deal with the United

up trumps in foreign policy," one

diplomat said. Some analysts in the West think this may be a reason why Gorbachev has revised the Soviet position on nuclear weapons talks and offered the United States a deal on medium-range missiles in

Gorbachev has said he wants to pull Soviet troops out of Afghanistan, a gesture that would win applause in the West and Islamic countries but could rebound at home if the Afghan party fell apart after the withdrawal.

A potentially explosive problem lies in Eastern Europe, where Gorbachev's reform drive is awakening popular hopes of change and is disconcerting the party machines of countries such as East Germany and Czechoslo-

Some diplomats recalled the unrest in Hungary and Poland after Khrushchev's de-Stalinisation drive. "There must be a lot of people in Moscow who are worried about the effect Gor-

bachev is having in Eastern Europe," one envoy said, Gorbachev has ejected most "old-guard" leaders linked with Brezhnev from the ruling party politburo and central committee secretariat, with President Andrei Gromyko and Ukrainian leader Vladmir Shcherbitsky the

most prominent survivors. Resistance appears to have consolidated at lower. levels in the party. It was spotlighted by the central committee's refusal in January to give whole-hearted support to Gorbachev's drive to extend democratic procedures in Soviet life.

Articles in the official press have indicated that many workers are worried about new policies that can slash their wages if they produce goods of substandard

Gorbachev promised the Soviet people he would not "rock the boat" when pursuing his reform course but Western analysis say the 70th anniversary of the Bolsbevik revolution next November could see another controversial issue opened up.

This is the possible rehabilitation of leading Bolsheviks who were executed under Stalin in the 1930s and subsequently erased from official accounts of history.

Gorbachev is the first Soviet leader whose career does not date from Stalin's time, making it easier for him to raise the subject but Western analysts said the historical question was still extremely delicate for party con-



Tensions are rising ahead of April polls in Indonesia

By Jeremy Clift Reuter

JAKARTA — Tensions appear to be rising in Indonesia ahead of elections in South-East Asia's largest nation with the visit of a Soviet foreign minister triggering a new warning about the dangers

of a Communist revival. Diplomats and Indonesian politicians say that despite almost ritual attacks by the military leadership on Communism, the government's main fear is radical Islam gaining strength at a time of

economic difficulty.

Major-General Setijana, commander of the central sector of hidonesia's most populous island of Java, said extremists of the right and left planned to sabotage parbamentary elections on April 23 with the aim of toppling Presient Suharto.

In an unusually strong warning news agency on the day Soviet could be, or is." Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze arrived in Jakarta, infiltrating the armed forces and groups of intellectuals.

Speaking in the central Java town of Semarang to students and university lecturers, be said extremists were encouraging workers to strike, youths to become hooligans and voters to cast blank ballots in the coming polls.

The Indonesian Observer, often critical of the government, said · Setijana's · comments · had greater impact than normal because of Shevardnadze's visit. The English-language daily,

g that Setijana's warnings Suharto bas ruled Indonesia, a should not be taken too seriously, donesia...," be said, when asked to major oil producer with a popula-said: "For the past two decades comment to Setijana's remarks."

"There is such an emphasis on tion of 168 million and the largest we have been educated to watch

Muslim nation in the world, for the Commies (and potential Ayatollahs).

"However, very seldom (if carried by the official Antara ever) did we bear bow bad it

Sarwono Kusumaatmadja, secretary-general of Indonesia's. Settiana said members of the outlawed Communist Party were military usually issued this type of infiltrating the armed forces and warning when it felt tensions

He told Renters talk of a Com-munist revival had almost a ritual quality which masked the military's true concerns.

He likened Indonesia to a water buffalo. "The water buffalo can work for you placidly everyday for years and then suddenly one day it will go amok. The next day, it will be back caimly at work

government are always sort of If they are ignored they build up concerned about stability in In-"There is such an emphasis on crament... they say it happens



President Suharto

: harmony in our society, but there "This is why the army and the "are tensions from many sources. and then explode.

"Riots usually begin as anti-Chinese and then turn anti-gov-

every eight years. I believe the last big riots were in 1978 before the presidential election," Sarwono added.

Communism is a useful scapegoat for the government at a time of growing economie diffi-culties caused by the drop in world oil prices that has resulted in rising inflation and urban unemployment.

President Suharto rose to power in the wake of a failed coup in 1965 blamed on the Communist Party, then the third largest in the

The party was outlawed and about 500,000 people were slaughtered afterwards by angry Muslims who took revenge on suspected Communists with tacit

support from the army.
Diplomats say the 280,000strong military is now far more concerned about radical Islam but does not want to attack it too

About 90 per cent of Indone-

sia's 168 million people are Mus-lim and the danger for the government at a time of economic difficulties is that unemployment in the cities could fuel Islamic extremism, diplomats say. They noted Setijana spoke of

possible trouble in central Java and the university town of Jogyakarta, areas where radical Islam is thought to be strongest. There was an upsurge of Islamic unrest in Indonesia in 1934-85, with bomb attacks and a riot in Jakarta's port district. But after a crackdown on Muslim

dissidents the unrest appears to have been quelled. The government has said the country is politically stable and it expects no serious trouble in the

However, the government is taking no chances. It has limited the campaign period to 25 days forbidden rallies and is stepping np security throughout Indone-sia's 27 provinces.

run-np to the elections.

.S. Congress fear of A-bomb unlikely to stop Pakistan aid

By Valerie Strauss

WASHINGTON — The U.S. Congress is becoming increasing-ly concerned that Pakistan is building a nuclear bomb but many legislators believe the U.S. unlikely to end its aid programme to Pakistan as the law would

The legislators believe Islamabad's role in channelling Amer-ican aid to Afghan rebels fighting Soviet forces is too important to

jeopardise.
"Congress is still sympathetic to the Afghan rebels," said a Senate aide. "So it looks like Pakistan can bave a bomb and U.S. aid. They will have their cake and eat it too."

The aid to Pakistan is contin-gent on regular certification by President Reagan that Islamabad does not have a nuclear weapons

programme.

U.S. officials bave warned Pakistan publicly against building a bomb and Reagan certified to Congress last October that Pakistan was not violating its pact. He expected to do the same this year. Jamsheed Marker, Pakistan's

ambassador in Washington, said his country's nuclear programme purely energy-related. "We are fully aware of the repercussions on Pakistani-U.S.

relations if we go nuclear," be

But after two independent reports in the last week said Pakistan bad or was close to making a bomb — including a study from the Washington-based Carnegie Endowment for International Peace — there is uncertainty in Congress over the administration's request for a six-year, \$4 billion aid package starting in fiscal year 1988.

"If these reports are true, it would clearly seem to require termination of all American aid to Pakistan," said congressman Stephen Solarz, a New York Democrat and head of a House subcommittee which began dis-

cussing the aid request this week. The problem, legislators say, is that it is virtually impossible to prove whether Pakistan has a

where they (the Pakistanis) are with this and it would be a mistake to pretend that we do," said Selig Harrison, a senior Carnegie associate.

The administration is also asking Congress to extend for Pakistan a waiver of the "Symington amendment," which bans aid to nations having nuclear equipment without proper safeguards. The first six-year waiver expires September 30. Without extension of the waiver, no aid can go through.

Legislators are concerned about Pakistan's failure to sign the nuclear non-proliferation treaty and its planned purchase of American AWACS early-warn-

Congressmen and aides predict that instead of banning aid, Congress will try to add conditions such as on-site verification of nuclear facilities. "It is likely that increased U.S.

pressure will improve their be-

baviour," a Senate aide said. "They are pretty close to having a bomb now, so it wouldn't burt them to stop bere." The Reagan administration takes up the Pakistan issue as it

struggles to regain credibility lost in the Iran arms scandal and seeks; better relations with India.

Yet for the administration and many legislators, the U.S. aid programme to the Afghan rebels is more important than making a

eration by punishing Pakistan. "It is imperative Pakistan

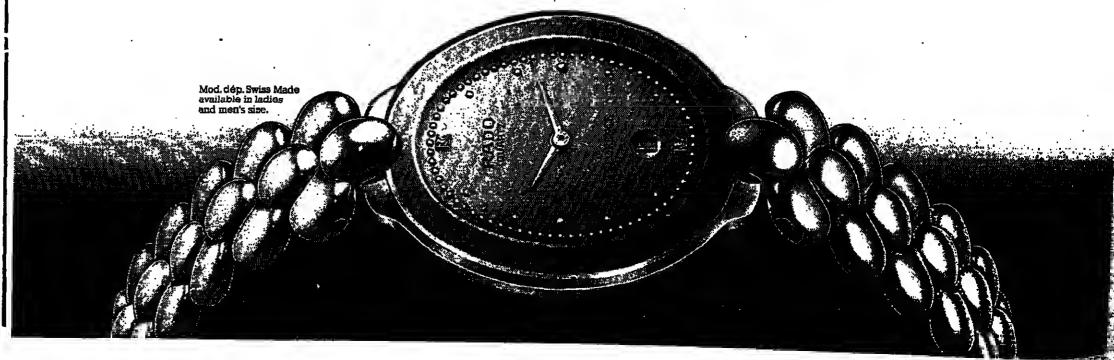
maintain ber courageous and principled stand as a bulwark against Soviet imperialism," said senator Gordon Humphrey, a new Hampshire Republican who heads a congressional task force on Afghanistan.

Although some believe Pakistan would not bold aid to the rebeis hostage to an aid ban,

Islamabad has hinted otherwise. "If the United States has a policy in that part of the world, which is a very vital geopolitical area, then the execution of that plan is dependent to a large ex-tent on a friendly government in Islamabad," Mr. Marker said.

The shape of excellence.

RADO FLORENCE



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Americans count the cost of ageing

The question of who pays the bills for the growing longevity of the U.S. population has barely been tackled, says Nancy Duane, who reports on the expensive problem of health insurance.

WASHINGTON - Marie, a Americans hoped the president short, spry Italian-American in her eighties, is living out her life in the comfort of her long-time family home, but she is a pauper. Nothing remains of the substantial assets she accumulated with her late husband Philip. After her death, her house will be sold and the proceeds will go to the nursing home where Philip, a stroke victim, spent his last years and

Death makes everyone equal, hut for many Americans the levelling process occurs earlier when the elderly or infirm enter nursing homes for full-time care. With the average cost about \$22,000 a year, few of the 1.5 million Americans in nursing homes can afford the long-term, often terminal stay. Bit by bit, their assets are sold off until they are impoverished enough to qualify for government assistance under the Medicaid programme for the poor.

What most people fear, especially older Americans... is that home health care or nursing home bills will eat up their savings... and they will go broke, flat-out broke," said Senator John Melcher, chairman of the Senate special committee on

It was this fear that many agreed that "it is unconscionable

would set to rest in his longawaited plan for health insurance against catastrophe. But the proposals made public in February over opposition from administration conservatives fell far short of the comprehensive insurance coverage which lobbyists for

The president's scheme, developed by Dr. Otis Bowen, Secretary of Health and Human Services, calls for an expansion of the present Medicare programme which pays about 45 per cent of the medical costs of the nation's 28 million citizens over 65 and 3 million disabled.

the elderly wanted.

Under the president's plan, for moothly premium of \$4.92, Medicare beneficiaries would receive an unlimited number of days in paid hospital care and the cost of the doctor and hospital bills would be met after the first \$2,000 a year. The plan does not cover the cost of medicine, eye and dental care.

With conservatives complaining that the plan is just another "big government" solution, many in Congress hastened to praise it as "an important first step." Senator David Durenberger of Minnesota, a ranking Republican on the Senate finance committee,

that we have let senior citizens and the disabled impoverish themselves at the very time they are the sickest.

"The most serious criticism that can be offered," he added, "is that it is far too little."

The criticism resounded around Capitol Hill, where the elderly, who constitute a powerful lobbying group, have influence far beyond their numbers. A number of legislators say that the first \$2,000 cannot be afforded by those who need coverage most urgently — those with incomes between \$8,000 and \$10,000 a year and who do not qualify for Medicaid.

Others complain that the

scheme does not protect the estimated 2.8 million individuals under the age of 65, whose medical expenses are now running in excess of \$5,000 each year. Nor is help suggested for the 35 million Americans who have no health insurance at all, or for those whose insurance does not provide good basic protection, let alone protection against catastrophe — which goes as far as covering for terminal illness. It is by no means certain that Congress, in its present budgetary straitjacket, can do much more than the president has prop-osed. In the 21 years since Medi-

care was enacted, the costs of the

biggest U.S. social welfare prog-ramme have soared from \$3.7 billion to more than \$70 billion.

medical care have rocketed last year they rose seven times as fast as the consumer price index despite all efforts by the government to restrain spending.

Several options will be considered in Congress, including:

Requirements that employers provide insurance coverage against catastrophe. Government subsidies for

private insurance. * Tax breaks to encourage individuals to buy private policies.

 Changes to expand current Medicaid or Medicare coverage. The president's proposal is likely to pass and the search for

further answers will go on. Even among liberals, any suggestion of socialised medicine remains anathema, but the acute, expensive problem of health care is destined to worsen. The elderly population doubled between 1950 and 1980 and it is expected to double again by 2030, when those over 65 will comprise more than 21 per cent of the population. Meanwhile, the elderly are liv-

ing longer. By the year 2040 nearly one-third of those over 65 will have living parents. Already the nursing homes are filled with patients whose visiting children are, themselves, grandparents. The question of who will pay the bills for the growing longevity of the population has barely been tackled — Financial Times fea-

Capturing essence of Arab art in different ways

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Three exhibitions opened in Amman last week and although each is markedly different from the other they all, to some extent, show how western influences can be adapted to produce art that is totally Arah in essence. Sometimes, as in the case of Nasser Odeh, whose watercolours, oils and pastels can be seen at the Jordan Artists' Association premises in Jabal Weibdeh, they are oriental by the sheer dint of their subject matter. At other times it is something in the style that gives the work its Middle Eastern flavour. With Kayyed Amr, whose work is now on exhibition at "The Gallery" in

the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel, it is a mixture of both. Odeh has long been known for his pastel work hut at this exhibition it is his watercolours of Jordan's northero countryside that must take pride of place. In fresh. feathery light colours applied with confidently large strokes of the brush, Odeh has caught the vastness of the arching sky over the flat and empty landscapes, found around Irbid, that roll away into the distance. Odeb learnt his watercolouring techniques while on a course in Britain, but his colours — the yellows, greens, and terracottas of the foreground and the pale melt-ing pinks, oranges, lemons and purples of the ever widening skies - and the way he has applied them give his landscapes their distinctly local feel.

The most successful of Odeh's pastels bear much in common with these watercolours. Depicting the south of the country, these, in contrast with his other pastel work, whose heavier darker shades are applied in blocky strokes, are full of blended shades - yellows, salmon pinks, greens and ochres — that portray the endless reaches of the big, dusty landscapes of the region.

Odeh's oils on the otherhand, much influenced as they are by the work of Nicolas de Stael, while good, do however lose a lot of the indigenous feel of his other

Kayyed Amr's subject matter like that of Odeh is taken from all he sees around him but unlike Odeh be paints not only the landscapes but also the villages and their inhabitants about their daily lives. In vivid Van Goghlike colours, be catches the impression of a girl and ber goat, the blocky houses rising up the hillside, while in the gentle grey of the pencil he draws more precisely the flock of sheep passing through a village, the man selling kerosene from his horsedrawn tank, the camels gathering - all bumps, necks, legs and tails. All are distinctly Jordanian images and are made even more so by the söghtly stylised lilt Amr



Landscape by Nasser Odeh

gives to his forms and hy the way one shape echoes another, carried on at times to form abstract patterns that put one in mind of traditional Islamic geometrical

designs.
The loose, very spontaneous style of Egyptian-born artist Ibrahim Tanbouly, whose work can be seen at the Petra Bank Art Gallery until Monday, is in direct contrast to Amr's careful rendering. A style like that however needs just as much care to make it work and, unfortunately, this is not always the case and the standard of the work at the exhibition is therefore somewhat inconsistent. When it is good, Tanbouly's work is indeed effective as for example the still life of the chair over which is thrown a coat, an umbrella and a radio still plugged into the socket on the wall, all of

which is given great vitality by the hurried application of seemingly arbitrary colour and disarray of lines. Also good is the vase of flowers — depicted as a splash of scarlet and cyclamen next to which hangs a sober, bare light

bulb. Tanbouly's expressionistic-like figures are at times arresting. With a few lines and even less colour, be achieves striking compositions full of hints of light and shade that hold the attention while his witty portrayals of the violinists make one smile with

As can be seen, it is not Tanbouly's universal subject matter that gives his work its unique Arabness, but rather the symbols he employs that seem to emerge from nowhere, having previously been part of something else.

Scientists press search for life on other planets

By Christopher Hanson

WASHINGTON -- Reports of a huge flying saucer over Alaska not long ago have pointed up a space age paradox within the scientific community.

Many scientists are very sceptical about supposed sightings of unidentified flying objects (UFOs), but many of these same scholars believe the galaxy is teeming with intelligent life and support projects for the search for extraterrestrial intelligence, dubbed Seti.

Scientists with the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Admi-(NASA) embarked on an official mission

The Alaska incident was re-in Frofile who says eithere has never ported last November by Japan Air Lines pilot Kenji Terauchi, who said his plane was trailed for an hour by a walnut-shaped craft conference at . Washington's

twice as big as an aircraft carrier, with a hroad brim at its centre and bright running lights.

He said the UFO stayed with

him as he descended 4,000 feet and circled, and that his plane's weather radar pieked it up.
The Federal Aviation Adminis-

tration initially reported that it, too, had detected a craft on radar, but later said a malfunction may have created a duplicate radar image of the cargo plane

The Alaska incident was widely dismissed by space experts as just another inconclusive episode. Thousands of people including former President Jimmy Carter

have reported seeing UFOs. That has not shaken the scepto expand vastly the scope of the ticism among scientists like Uni-: reversity of Virginia physicist James been an unambiguous case" in all

these sightings. Even so, Trefil told a recent

Smithsonian Institution, the conventional wisdom among scientists also bolds that "we are not alone.'

Given the millions of stars in the Milky Way, the probability that many of them have planets with environments suitable to life, and the billions of years in which civilisations could have evolved, these scientists say it is likely the galaxy has many advanced civilisations.

Their estimates of bow many range from one million to fewer

The operating theory behind Seti is that if advanced alien 'civilisations exist, they may betrying to communicate with other worlds hy beaming radio signals into space - and radiotelescopes on earth could pick up such sig-

U.S. scientists pioneered Seti starting in 1960 with physicist Frank Drake's "Ozma" project, named for a "Wizard of Oz"

character and using a radiotele-scope in West Viriginia.

Now the Soviet Union, France, West Germany, The Nether-lands, Japan, and Canada are funding Seti radiotelescope pro-

No alien signals have yet been detected, scientists say. But NASA, with an annual Seti

budget of some \$2 million, is developing the technology for a vast expansion in the number of frequencies that could be scanned for messages — a jump from thousands of frequencies to many

NASA plans to scan the entire sky and conduct closer probes of 800 stars which are similar to the sun, beginning in the 1990s.

"In-one minute (with the new technology) we will accomplish more than has been carried out in the past 25 years with all previous programmes," NASA scientist Peter Backus said.

He told Reuters NASA's an alien message would be the search would be "tens of billions" of times more thorough than to-day's most advanced Seti probes.

Earthlings have sent out relatively few messages to possible aliens, although scientists say advanced civilisations could tell earth was inhabitated from military radar and television rays leaking into space.

Scientists beamed an electronic greeting into space using a radiotelescope in Puerto Rico in

NASA's unmanned Pioneer 10 pacecraft carried a plaque with drawings of a nude man and woman and a space map showing earth's location, and Voyager I carried a disc with rock music including a Chuck Berry song, a message of friendship from thenmost important event in human history and could result in mankind learning vast amounts from a more advanced culture.

But University of Virginia physicist Robert Rood sounded a note of warning in his book, "Are we alone?'

"The civilisation that blurts ont its existence on interstellar beacons at the first opportunity may be like some early hominoid descending from the trees and calling, 'here, kitty' to a sabre-toothed tiger," Rood wrote.

Some scientists, including Trefil, are sceptical about the possihility of intelligent alien civilisa-

"Where are they?" he asked. "If a single civilisation could colonise the galaxy in millions of U.N. Secretary General Kurt years, and if billions of years have Waldheim, and samples of 60 elapsed since the first such civi-

of evidence for (extraterrestrials) on earth?"

One theory is that the alien civilisations chose to put our solar system off limits as a kind of galactie zoo or nature reserve.

But Trefil discounts this: What is the prohability ... that of all the billions of individuals in each of the millions of galactic races, there is not a single

Some say it is possible an alien civilisation is only now expand-ing into the galaxy and had not reached earth. But Trefil says that would be remarkable given that the history of man was "a hlink of the eye on any galactic

time scale." But Trefil supports Seti research, which could lead scientists to conclude that man is alone in the universe after all. He said such a conclusion would be highly significant. It would mean that we are special.

Jerusalem

Mamluk

THE World of Islam Festival Trust has announced the publication of Mamluk Jerusalem: an architectural study by the British School of Archaeology in Jerusalem.

From the middle of the thirteenth century to 1517 A.D. Jerusalem was ruled by the Mamluk sultans, whose domains stretched over most of the Levant and Egypt. Today, their architecture still characterises the Holy City, surrounding the exceptional presence of the earlier buildings of the Dome of the Rock and Al Aqsa Mosque, which are set apart within Al Haram Al Sbarif.

This book records for the first time the total magnificence of design and the skill of the craftsmen of that period. After fourteen centuries of Islamic history the studied elegance of these buildings still represents to many people throughout the world the continuing presence of Islam in this, the Holy City of the Prophet's Night Jouroey (Al Mi'raj) and the First Qibla.

This meticulous work, in which the architectural drawings have been prepared to precise standards, was begun by the British School of Archaeology in Jerusalem in 1968 and completed in 1984. The work was directed for the most part by Dr. Michael Burgoyne who has also researhed and written the book. He was assisted in the field work by an extensive team of architects and scholars recruited by the School, who contributed their time and expertise during this period of sixteen years.

This edition represents a corous of outstanding scholarship which will become the standard reference on the subject for all time, in a format and style commensurate with the special position which the city of Jerusalem holds in the three great monotheistie traditions - Publishers Press Release.

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Earthquake in eastern U.S. probable, energy problems foreseen

By Randolph E. Schmid

WASHINGTON - There is a nearly 100 per cent chance of a serious earthquake striking the eastern United States during the next quarter-century, warus an engineer studying hazards to the nation's energy systems.

And if this tremor occurs, widespread destruction could result, including severe damage to the region's energy supply, says Dr. James E. Beavers, an engineer with Martin Marietta Energy Sys-

The probability of a destructive earthquake occurring some-where in the eastern U.S. before the year 2000 can be considered better than 75 to 95 per cent, and before the year 2010 nearly 100 per cent. Beavers said. It's "an almost sure thing. ...

We just don't know where or when," he said in an interview. Beavers' warning is detailed in a new study of the earthquake hazard to energy systems, published by the American Association of Engineering Societies.

While the report estimated the likelihood of a major quake, it did not detail the damage potential beyond that to energy sys-

However, a serious earthquake obviously would result in severe destruction and many deaths,

Particularly vulnerable, he noted, are schools. Built largely with unreinforced brick and masonry, many deaths and injuries could result if a quake struck in the eastern states during daytime school hours, he said. As for the energy systems,

which were the focus of his study. Beavers noted that many gas and oil pipelines run close to earthquake hazard areas and could be

ties also are vulnerable, and fragile electrical systems could suffer

serious damage, he noted. While earthquakes were relatively common in the eastern states in the 17th, 18th and 19th

this century, Beavers said. This absence raises fears that tension is building on rocks deep underground, waiting to be released suddenly in a damaging tremor,

Three of the most powerful earthquakes ever observed in the United States occurred in the midwestern state of Missouri, near the Mississippi River in 1811-1812, Beavers said.

Damage was slight then be-cause of the region's sparse population, but the same quakes today would cause havoc in several major cities and transportation Those quakes have been esti-

mated at between 8.4 and 8.8 on the Richter scale, which measures the energy released in a quake through ground motion. By comparison, the famous San Francis-co quake of 1906 has been estimated at g.3.

Tremors of 6.0 or more can cause serious damage in populated areas, and it is quakes of that magnitude on which Beavers

In the Richter scale, each increase of one whole number indicates 10 times more ground motion and about 30 times more energy released in the quake. Thus, a quake measured at 8.0 involved 100 times more shaking and 900 times more energy than one of 6.0.

Beavers said other potential hazard areas in the east include Charleston, South Carolina, which suffered a destructive quake in 1886, as well as Boston, the Virginia-West Virginia border, along the St. Lawrence Valley in upstate New York and in parts of other midwestern and western states.

The problem in the east is

inguages. lisation was supposed to arise, Some scientists say receipt of how can we explain the total lack French team may have found unknown pharaonic tomb

By Mimi Mama The Associated Press

CAIRO, Egypt — French experts working with technology they used on the Giza plateau near Cairo may have found an uncharted ancient tomb in southern Egypt's Valley of the Queen's, archaeological authorities report.

A statement signed by Ahmed Kadry, president of the Egyptian antiquities organisation, said a microgravimeter used hy the French had found "an anomaly of density" in the earth "comparable with that created by known

The microgravimeter, a metal box the size and shape of an automobile battery, measures variations in underground densities by recording minute changes in the gravitational pull on a suspended weight.

Jacques Montlucon, technical adviser of the French team, said in a telephone interview from Paris that results of the Valley of the Queens exercise, which began in January, are "already remark-

But he added: "We need more detailed topographic work in order to pinpoint the abnormali-ties by archaeological means."

The Valley of the Queens, across the Nile River from Luxor, 720 kilometres south of Cairo, contains remains of almost 80 known tombs of Queens, princes and princesses of the 18th through 20th dynasties of ancient Egypt. The period is roughly 3,600 to 3,050 years ago.
Financed by the state-owned

electric company Electricite De France (EDF), the project was an offshoot of the French team's

Great Pyramid of Cheops and other monuments on the Giza plateau near Cairo. Cheops and Egypt's other two most famous pyramids, Chephren and Mycerious, are on the plateau.

The initial study, sponsored by EDF and the French foreign ministry, lasted almost a year and found indications of previously unknown chambers inside the ovramid and in the Sphinx, at the foot of the plateau.

A team from Tokyo's Waseda University snhsequently has found indications of additional chambers at Giza.

Kadry's statement, issned Monday in Paris and Cairo, was also signed by EDF research director Marc Albouy. It said computer analysis is under way on more than 600 microgravi-

microgravimeter study of the meter readings from the plateau. The statement described the find in the Valley of the Queens as an "unknown cavity" and agreed with Montincon that further analysis is necessary.

"Topographic analysis of the known tombs and local geological accidents must... be deepened before allowing archaeologists to determine if the detected anomaly can really correspond to a new tomb," the statement said. Egyptologists in Cairo believe

undiscovered tombs may remain in the Valley of the Queens area of the vast necropolis that includes the Valley of the Kings on the other side of the Theban hills.

They point out that grave rob-bers focused a great deal of attention and work on enormous treasures buried with the pharaohs in the Valley of the Kings.

The limestone at the Valley of the Queen's end of the pockmarked hills opposite Thebes, an ancient capital of Egypt near modern Luxor, was not as hard as that in the Valley of the Kings. Walls usually were painted instead of carved, some tombs were left unfinished, and others have left unfinished, and others have the appearance of caves.

Queens of pharaonic Egypt had their own powers, Many were sisters of ruling pharaohs as well as their wives, commanding vast authority and respect because of their royal birth. Inscriptions usually depict

them as smaller than the pharanh, however, and their tombs were not built on the same scale as those of their husbands. Normally, a chief wife had more power than wives married for political or personal reasons.

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potentially even greater than in California, where quakes are more frequent and get more attention. There, many buildings are designed for the stresses of quakes, while in the eastern states few are, he said.

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McEnroe overcomes Lendi

No. 1 arrives hours before from other tourney

INGLEWOOD, California (AP)

— John McEnroe overcame a slow start to defeat Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia 4-6, 6-1, 6-4 in a championship challenge series tennis match at the Forum.

McEnroe, who got stronger as the match went on, broke Lendl to take a 4-3 lead in the final set when Lendl hit a forehand wide. He then held serve in the eighth and 10th games, acing Lendi for the final two points.

Lendl's only win in the second set came in the fourth game, but McEnroe said he thought he took command of the match by breaking Lendi two games earlier.

When 1 broke him m the second game of the (second) set, from that point on f felt 1 really had control of the match, McEnroe said.

Lendl broke McEnroe in the third game of the opening set with a backhand, cross-court service return. Both players held

serve the rest of the set. Lendl arrived hours before the match from Key Biscayne, Florida, where he competed over the weekend in the International

Players Championship.
The match, which lasted 1 hour, 38 minutes, was the third in a series of seven challenge matches at the Forum. The overall



John McEnroe ... setting back to old form

winner will earn \$100,000. Lendl won the first match in

of Czechoslovakia, and McEnroe beat Stefan Edberg of Sweden in November against Miloslav Mecir the second match in January.

Dutch to use passes to curb violence

THE HAGUE (R) - All Dutch professional soccer clubs will introduce membership cards from next season to control entry to games where the risk of crowd trouble is high, the Dutch foothall association (KNVB) said Tuesday.

The chairmen of the Netherlands' 18 First Division teams agreed on the move in response to a recent upsurge in crowd trouble, particularly rioting at a match between Den Haag and Ajax Amsterdam in the Hague 10

"We've decided to bring in these passes. Now we have to work out how to do it and how to finance it," KNVB spokesman Geert Stolk told Reuters. Ho said about one million people attend Dutch soccer matches each

He said the 100 per cent membership scheme would enable clubs to keep a tight control on all fans, although the cards would be used only for "high risk" games involving teams whose supporters are most notorious.

It is not yet clear how the list of "bad boys" will be drawn up, but Ajax, Den Haag and Feyenoord Rotterdam fans are widely considered to have the worst reputa-

The KNVB must formally approve the pass plan at a general meeting in May.

But Theo Aalbers, head of FC Utrecht, said his and other clubs with relatively well-behaved supporters would feel discriminated against if their fans were harred. However, it has yet to be decided whether all visiting fans will

venues or admitted if they have identity cards.

English First Division Luton introduced a membership card system this season and have been severely criticised because away supporters are excluded.

The Dutch association's safety officer Roh De Bakker, who has visited Luton and studied the club's experience, is already working on the plan and is likely to conduct a limited experiment this season with some clubs.

The KNVB says it has been promised some government

money to help fund the scheme. Last month former international Johann Cruyff, now Ajax's trainer, launched a 380,000 guil-

der (\$190,000) anti-violence campaign urging would-be trouble makers to "kick a ball, not your Three days later he found him-

self trying to calm fans who rioted in The Hague in some of the worst foothall violence the Netherlands has seen.

Forty people were injured in the fighting and during police baton charges. The game was abandoned at halftimo.

Overweight Foreman wins sluggish comeback bout

overweight and slow, returned to the ring after nearly 10 years to stop journeyman Steve Zouski in the fourth round, but couldn't

The 39-year-old Foreman, weighing 267 pounds (121 kilogrammes), was unable to put the 32-year-old American Zouski on the canvas, but hit him repeatedly, forcing American referee

Hank Elespuru to stop the fight. Zouski, who once went four rounds with current World Boxing Association-World Boxing Council heavyweight champion Mike Tyson, was nothing more than a punching bag for Fore-man, who was fighting Monday night for the first time since

March 17, 1977. Foreman had a 55-pound weight

SACRAMENTO, California (R) advantage (25 kilogramme) over – Former heavyweight cham- Zouski and used his superior pion George Foreman, looking strength to stalk his opponent

left in the fourth come through with a knockdown

"I hit the gay with a left book and gave him time to recover. Can you imagine that?" Foreman said. "After 10 years you do crazy

things like that." Zouski was never able to hurt Foreman at any time in the fight, although he connected with a couple of good punches to the head.

Foreman seemed satisfied with his return, and said afterwards that his goal was still to fight for

the heavyweight championship. British fight promoter Micky Duff said he was impressed with Foreman's return to the ring.

be hanned from "high-risk" **KLM** holds reception

AMMAN (J.T.) - KLM's general manager for Jordan Najeeh Fakhouri and Mrs. Fakhouri held a reception at the King Hussein Club in Amman on Sunday to mark the 27th anniversary of opening an air route between Jordan and Holland.

The reception was attended by Minister of Information and Tourism Mohammad Al Khatib, several members of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament, senior government figures and officials from the information service and Arah and foreign diplomatic missions in Jordan, as well as travel and tourism agents operating in Jordan, business-men, and Royal Jordanian senior



were Mr. Albert Coenen, deputy Also attending the reception area manager of KLM for Asia

and Australia and senior KLM

Full time or part-time...

UEFA decides to leave ban on English clubs

BERNE (R) — The European Football Union (UEFA) rejected an English request to lift an indefinite ban on English clubs from European competitions imposed in the aftermath of rioting at the

1985 European Cup final.
In a statement, UEFA's executive committee said: "ft was necessary to wait another year and see how the situation would

The English clubs will thus not be able to participate in the 1987-88 UEFA season."

England may play in Belgian EC tourney.

Meanwhile in Brussels, English players may appear in a soccer, tournament in Belgium next year for the first time since their clubs were banned indefinitely from European competition after the 1985 Heysel Stadium tragedy.

The organisers of a new indoor championship featuring the league champions of the 12 European Community (EC) member states, including one from Britzin, said English players could be invited to take part.

The tournament is the brainchild of wealthy Italian businessman Gerardo Fiorilli, who told Reuters: "I wanted to promote Europe in another way than with dairy prices or farm prices."

The Belgian Soccer Union is prepared to give permission in the project; Belgian soccer chief Albert Roosens said. Fiorilli said he intended to in-

vite an all-British team comprising players from the four British football associations, but first must complete negotiations with all the national governing bodies.

The Belgian government extended UEFA's ban on English

clubs to all British teams, although they granted permission earlier this year for Scotland to play a European championship qualifying game in Belgium on April. 1

Roosens, secretary-general of the Belgian Soccer Union, said he had no objections to helping stage the event as long as the union was not held financially

Spectators asked to keep clear in Portuguese Rally

ESTORIL, Portugal (R) -Organisers of the Portuguese Motor Rally starting today have appealed to spectators to keep clear of the routes after two people were killed in an accident during last year's event.

The third rally of 13 ib, the World Championship opens with a special stage of four laps at the Estoril Autodrome which has replaced the traditional Sintra Mountain section where the two ploughed into a crowd after skidding on a sharp bend.

The major works teams pulled out in protest against what they described as poor crowd control measures, and this year's organisers decided to drop the Sintra leg as well as appealing to spectators to keep well clear of the soutes.

LONDON (R) - Clubs are to be

banned from playing on wificial

pitches in the English Football

The F.A. council backed

recommendation of the cap com-

mittee to outlaw plastic pitches.

Queen's Park Rangers of the

First Division, Second Division

ston will now have to either play

at a neutral venue or switch the

Amouncing the F.A. decision, secretary Ted Croker said: "The

case for and against artificial

pitches was argued at great length

by the members. I think the issue

which swayed most of them was

the good name and impartiality of

the F.A. Cup, which is probably the famous national club com-

There is no doubt the ques

tion of home advantage influ-

enced the members consider-

Preston Chairman Keith Leerang said he was "devastated" by

the decision. "It's unbelievable

that the council can make a deci-

sion such as this when, to my

knowledge, we have had only two

representatives of the F.A. come

and have a look at our artificial

surface. We are not going to take

Croker admitted it would be "a

serious blow" for the clubs com-

cerned but said that there was no

right of appeal as far as next

season's competition was com-

this lying down."

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petition in the world.

The affected clubs, Luton and

Association (F.A.) Cup next

bans plastic

Finland's Markku Alen, four times winner of the Portuguese Rally, will pit his Lancia against the Mazda of Sweden's Timo. Salonen, who won last month's Swedish Rally and was victorious here two years ago.

"The rocky stages mean you must drive carefully. It is not a speed rally, you must conserve the car," said Alen.

All the drivers will find the

near summer conditions here a spectators were killed when a car · sharp contrast to the ice and snow they faced in the first two rallies of the year, in Monte Carlo and Sweden.

Other leading contenders for the 2,087 kilometre rally are Alen's Lancia team-mates, Massimo Biasion of Italy, who won the Monte Carlo event, and world champion Juha Kankkunen. | calt mountain climb.

Italian captain fined for kicking ball boy

MILAN, Italy (R) — Argentine defender Daniel Passarella has been fined five million lire (\$3,500) by Internazionale Milan for kicking a 16 year-old ball boy during a match in Sampdoria on Sunday, officials said.

Former Argentine World Cupwinning captain Passarella kicked out at Maurizio Piana after he was apparently slow to retrieve the ball in the closing minutes of the ftalian First Division game,

which the Genoa team won 3-1. "Internazionale has decided to fine the player five million lire," Inter President Ernesto Pellegrini said. 'The money will be given as a study scholarship to the boy.'

Passarella, who publicly apolo-gised to the boy's father, is likely to face further disciplinary action when the soccer authorities meet later this week.

Belgian Planckaert takes lead in Paris-Nice cycling

ST. ETIENNE, France (AP) — Belgium's Eddy Planckaert held on in a final sprint to capture the second stage of the Paris-Nice cycling race Tuesday.

Planckaert took the section from Chalon-Sur-Saone to St.

Etienne in central France, covering the 203 kilometres (127 miles) in five hours, 28-minutes, 38seconds. He held off the charges of Ireland's Sean Kelly and Britain's Sean Yates.

Kelly is seeking his sixth straight victory in the Paris-Nice event. With the aid of a fivesecond bonus for his second place, be moved within striking distance of the overall leader, Ireland's Stephen Roche.

Roche finished in the pack, but all were credited with the same time as Planckaert. He held on to the white jersey of the leader.

Wednesday's section is 244 kilometres (153 miles) to Mont Ventous, which includes a diffi-

American NBA roundup

Bucks surge to beat Suns

MILWAUKEE (AP) - The Milwaukee Bucks got strong closing performances from Jack Sikma, John Lucas and Terry Commings to beat the Phoenix Suns 118-110 in the National Basketball Association.

Sikma had eight points, Lucas seven and Cummings six in the fourth quarter as the Bucks kept the Suns from making a success-

Cummings finished with 28 points after shooting 10-for-11 from the field and scoring 22. points in the first half.

In other NBA games, the Los Angeles Lakers defeated the Los Angeles Clippers 136-114, Atlan-ta stopped Chicago 108-103 and Indiana beat Utah 107-102.

Paul Pressey scored 19 points and Lucas 18 for the Bucks, who won for the 11th time in their last 14 gammes. Walter Davis scored 28 points, Alvan Adams had 24 and Larry Nance added 21 points and 14 rebounds for the for the

In Los Angeles, the Lakers increased their record against teams with losing records to 26-0 as Byron Scott hit 11 of 12 shots and scored 30 points against the

The Clippers, losers of five rebounds.

straight, were paced by Mikes Woodson with 23 points before he was ejected with two technical fouls in the fourth quarter. Teammate Benoit Benjamin also was: assessed a pair of technical food and was ejected.

The Lakers posted their 13d victory in 15 games against them crosstown rivals since the Clippe moved to Los Angeles from Sa Diego at the start of the 1984.8

In Atlanta, the Hawks' work their seventh straight game as Kevin Willis scored 30 points and Dominique Wilkins 27 agains

Chicago. Willis, Wilkins and Glenn Riv ers, who had 22 points and 122 assists, combined for all of the Hawks' points in a 10-2 stream late in the game that gave them the lead for good.

Michael Jordan had 31 points and Charles Oakley finished with 25 points and 19 rebound for

At Indianapolis, John Lon scored 42 points, including 1 straight in one stretch of th fourth quarter, when the Indian Pacers outscored Utah 32-17.

Utah was led by Darrell Gris fith with 27 points and Kan Malone with 24 points and 17

Soviets capture honours in opening pairs skating

CINCINNATI, Obio (R) -Ekaterina Gordeeva and Sergei off to a good start in defending points.

their World Figure Skating Ame Championship by winning the short programme of the pairs competition.

The tall Grinkov and his diminutive partner, dressed in matching tops with horizontal stripes of yellow, hlue, green and red, gave a bonney, almost whimsical performance in finishing first with 0.4 points.

pionship in 1983 and 1985 and finished second last year, were Grinkov of the Soviet Union got second Monday night with 0.8 Americans Jill Watson and Pe-

> this time on their way to a sixtle place overall, were a surprising third. They collected 1.2 points. The men's singles competition began earlier with Alexander Fadeev finishing first on 0.6

points in his bid to win the title hel

ter Oppegard, ninth last year and,

claimed in 1985. American Brian Boitano, when Their Soviet compatriots, Ele-won the gold medal last year in na Valova and Oleg Vasiliev, Geneva, was second with 1.22 who won the World Champoints.

England's F.A. Wilt Chamberlain's 100 points in a game pitches from cup record still stands after twenty-five years

By Bill Baynard The Associated Press

HERSHEY, Pennsylvania (AP) - Witt Chamberlain's teammates knew something was right that night. They first noticed it on the two-hour ride from their home base in Philadelphia.

"We played pinochle on the bus and he won every hand." recalled teammate Guy Rodgers. Oldham and Fourth Division Pre-The date was March 2, 1962 The Philadelphia Warriors professional basketball team had tie to the opposition's ground if come to Hershey to play the New they are drawn out of the hat York Knicks before 4,142 fans at

the Hershey sports arena. The Warriors won 169-147 on the strength of an astonishing performance by their 7-foot-1 (2.16-metre) centre, "Wilt the

Chamberlain scored 100 points, the greatest individual effort in pro basketball, a record that has stood for 25 years. Chamberlain was scoring lots of

points that NBA season. He went on to average 50.4, an accomplishment he considers less likely to be equaled than 100 points in a . single game.
So it caused little stir among

players and fans when Chamberlain scored 41 in the first half, helping the Warriors to a 79-68 "I was extremely hot in the first

half," Chamberlain said. "f thought I would cool down in the second half, but f never did. f didn't start thinking about how many points I had until f was in the 60s in the third quarter and people started chanting." In the second half, the public-

address announcer started calling out Chamberlain's total points after each hasket.

"It was a Philly crowd they wanted Wilt to score," Knicks player Richie Guerin said. "When (the announcer) started calling out the points, the crowd went crazy chanting 'we want 100, we want 100."

The game was dominated by Chamberlain, who had 79 points after three quarters. With Philadelphia leading 125-160, the outcome was a foregone conclusion.



Wilt "the Stilt" Chamberlain staks a basket using his characteristic finger roll, playing for the Philadelphia Warriors over two decades

Knicks could do was to try to salvage some pride by preventing Chamberlain from scor-

About the only thing the

tried to do this by holding the ball until the last two or three seconds on the 24-second shot clock "and they were told to foul whoever brought the ball up court before he could get it to me."

But Chamberlain was too big and quick for the Knicks, so they fouled him to prevent him from getting easy baskets.

Guerin, the Knicks' leading scorer with 39 points that night, said he remembered no specific instructions regarding Chamberlain from coach Eddie Donovan. Sure, we fouled Wilt a lot, but

that was the weakest part of his game. But the game became a to finish the game.

ioke after awhile. We just wanted

to get it over with."
The Knicks' Darrall Imboff three inches (7.6 centimetres) shorter that the "Stilt," had the job of trying to stop Chamber-

"It was a nightmare." Imho said after the game. "He was awfully fast, and I couldn't keep up with him. He must have scored 40 points off me, then I fouled out early in the four quarter.'

New York's strategy of fouling Chamberlain backfired; he made 28 of 32 free-throw attempts. was a 51 per cent free-throat shooter for his career. Chamberlain said the Knicks'

attempts to stop him made him more determined to reach 1002 When it became obvious that they no longer were trying to win and just trying to stop me, 4 thought that was ridiculous. Chamberlain said in a telephoral interview. "That made me want to do it more. My teammates said they were going to get me the ball at any cost."

No one seems to know for summer how Wilt scored his 100th point. Some say it was a dunk; other say a jump shot. Even Chambers lain remembers two versions.

In his autohiography, written in 1973, he said he scored on dunk. Today, he recalls it came on a "middle-distance jumper." There is no film of the game to clarify the issue.

When the ball went through the hoop, fans poured onto the floor, some trying and failing ! yank the precious hall from Chamberlain's hands.

Chamberlain, who had takes 63 shots from the floor and made 36, was embarrassed by thous numbers.

He looked at the stat sheet in the locker room and couldn't believe it," teammate Al Attes said. "We had to buoy him and and say it was OK to shoot of times if won can make 36."

Back in the arena, the scorehoard clock showed seconds left. In the excitement, they forget



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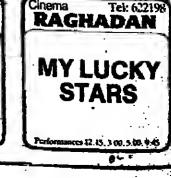
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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets on

One sterling One U.S. dollar 1.3345/50 1.8575/85 2.0978/88 1.5647/57 38.45/48 6.1800/30 1319.5/1320.5 153.70/80

6.4760/810

Canadian dollar West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen

6.9950/7.000 6.9825/75 One ounce of gold 405.50/405.00 U.S. dollars

Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — Equity prices showed a firmer bias in late trading in the wake of a London evening newspaper opinion poll which showed an increase in the ruling Conservative Party's lead over the Labour Party.

Dealers said trading was relatively thin after initial profittaking and technical selling ahead of next week's U.K. budget with the thin trading conditions making for the exaggerated moves of many issues. Monday's 1/2-point cot in U.K. base rates was already dis-

counted but the prospect of a further cut and optimism for a tax cutting budget belped to underpin the market, dealers added. The early nine point fall on Wall Street, however, tended to dampen the early afternoon run up and at 1530 GMT the FTSE 100 was just 4.1 points higher at 1.977.8 after a high of 1,986.4 at 1202 GMT and an early low of 1,965.7.

Many dealers expect shares to bold around current levels in the near term but they anticipate a fairly spectacular rally around the time of next week's budget.

from the Carroll Righter institute

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, MAR. 11, 1987 GENERAL TENDENCIES: This is a day to accept delays that are taking place. Attend to whatever problems can be bandled at the moment and put off long-

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You are anxious to put a special talent across, but this is not tha right time to

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You do not understand how to atraighten out a home affair, so postpone any

GEMIN1 (May 21 to June 21) You may get a letter that brings you confusion, so dalay in answering it un-

til you understand more. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) Don't do anything careless about finances. Avoid that person who gives unwanted advice.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug.:21) You feel depressed and want to do something foolish to try to solva a personal matter, but keep cool and calm.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) A personal worry should not stop you from bandling outside matters. Try not to LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Don't rely on a usually

generous person who is not in a position to help you today. Exercise patience now. SCORP10 (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You had better go

along with the expectations of a bigwig if you want to gain the benafits you expect.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Complete your difficult duties today. Get your fina ideas into motion

and make progress now.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jsn. 20) You have an annoying responsibility to handle, but get to it and stop making up excuses.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) You want to get out

of following a conservative higher-up, but this could PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Although the situation around your home is hardly as you want it to be, don't

make any changes.

1F YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he, or she will be very magnetic, but will expect others to go to extremes to please him, or her, so teach this one to become more fair and cooperative. When your progeny does something that is exceptionally fine, don't be stingy with much-deserved praise.

Ferry claims may go over £30 million

LONDON (R) - British insurers could face claims of more than £30 million (\$47.4 million) over the sinking of a car ferry off Belgium last week, the Lloyd's of London insurance market said Monday.

Spokesman David Larner said it might be weeks before the extent of compensation claims for passengers, crew and cargo was known, as well as how much of the ship could be salvaged.

The vessel, the Herald of Free Enterprise owned by Townsend Thoresen, was carrying 543 people when it keeled over on its side within sight of Zeebrugge harbour last Friday.

Fifty-three bodies have been recovered and 81 people are still

British Transport Secretary John Moore told parliament Monday the ship keeled over after water rushing in through the bow loading doors. An inquiry had been ordered, be said.

Lloyds said the vessel's hull and equipment were worth £25 million (\$39.5 million).

Mr. Larner said claims from passengers could be expected to total at least £5 million (\$7.9 million), based on the number of deaths and the level of liability set out in a 1974 convention used by

Mr. Larner said estimates of compensation claims were only guess work at this stage but if the ship could not be salvaged, claims would total at least £30 million (\$47.4 million).

Disaster hurts anti-tunnel campaign

Meanwhile, the Zeebrugge ferry disaster has dealt a blow to a campaign by ferry operators against the proposed channel tunnel, financial analysts said.

The Flexilink anti-tunnel group backed by Townsend Thoresen and the Sealink Ferry Company has argued the twin rail tunnel between Britain and France could be devastated by fire or derail-

Britain's firemen's union has supported their arguments. It (the ferry disaster) will disable the lobby," Mr. David Tree, a construction analyst with brokers Savory Milln, told Reuters.
"The fernes can no longer shout

the odds on safety reasons."

Mr. Charles Williams of stockbrokers James Capel said he thought the House of Lords, soon due to start debating legislation allowing the £4.7 billion (\$7.5 billion) privately funded project to proceed, would be more sceptical about opposition to the tun-

nel on safety grounds.
"Whilst this tragedy doesn't make the tunnel any safer, it reminds people there are safety problems in all modes of transport. The political ground has shifted," he said.

However, Mr. Williams added that he did not believe the disaster would affect attempts by the Anglo-French Eurotunnel consortium to raise another £750 million (\$1.2 billion) in a share offer this July.

Taiwan dollar appreciates to highest level since '58

TAIPEI (AP) — The Taiwan daily purchases of more than \$100 dollar rose Tuesday to its highest level against the U.S. dollar since 1958 as the American currency came under beavy selling

The U.S. dollar was quoted at 34.80 Taiwan dollars Tuesday morning, down from 34.86 on

Traders who spoke on condition of anonymity said the selling spree was triggered by reports from Washington that U.S. trade officials had pressured Taiwan to let its currency rise to help reduce its trade surplus.

Officials of the governmentrun central bank declined comment on the report. But traders said the bank bad reduced its efforts to prevent the local currency from appreciating.

Traders said the central bank bought only \$70 million on the market Monday, compared to later climbed to about 40 to 1.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank reports \$385 million profit

colony's biggest bank, announced Tuesday that its profits surged to more than three billion dollars (\$385 million last year, aided by a strong local economy.

It also said it planned to raise 3.3 billion dollars (\$423 million) by offering its shareholders the right to buy more stock.

Profits at the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, one of the two issuers of the colony's currency, were up more than 12 per cent from 1985 as strong exports spurred loan demands by local mann-

HONG KONG (R)—Hongkong loans to the slumping shipping and Shanghai Bank, the British industry in 1985 but there were no further losses last year. However, weak commodity

million during the last selling

12.5 per cent against the Amer-

when the rate was 39.80.

less competitive overseas.

ican currency since January 1986,

A higher Taiwan dollar makes

Taiwan, bowever, bas con-

Its surplus totalled \$2.34 bil-

lion in the first two months this

year, up 25 per cent from the

Last year, Taiwan had a record

The government in 1959 fixed

surplus of \$13.57 billion in trade

the exchange rate at 36 Taiwan

same period in 1986.

with the United States.

tinued to register a growing sur-plus in its trade with the United

local goods more expensive and

The Taiwan dollar has climbed

spree in January.

prices burt its operations in South East Asia while a depressed oil market hit business in the "We made provisions (for los-

ses) in Singapore for the second year running," said bank chairman, Mr. William purves. "There are still problems in

Malaysia. Under the rights offer, shareholders would gain the right to buy one share at seven dollars each for every eight shares they The bank was hit hard by bad hold now.'

30m Indians seek employment

NEW DELHI (R) - Thirty million Indians are registered as seeking work, of whom 2.6 milbon are educated to graduate or postgraduate level, the labour ministry said Tuesday.

A written reply in the lower house of parliament gave the number of job-seekers on Dec. 31, 1986, as 30.13 million, compared with 26.27 million a year According to government fi-

gures, the total Indian labour force was 269.8 million in 1985, giving an unemployment rate for . that year of 9.7 per cent. Officially projected growth ing for secure iobs.

rates would produce a 1986 labour force of 277 million, meaning an increase in the unemployment rate to 10.9 per cent

The labour ministry said 725,000 were seeking work in Bombay, 681,000 in Delbi, 498,000 in Calcutta and 434,000

The written reply said not all those registered were necessarily unemployed. As there is no social security for most unemployed pri-.vate-sector workers, many live by casual or mental work while look-

Chrysler agrees to purchase Renault's American Motors

DETROIT (AP) - Chrysler Corp. and France's Renault bave signed a letter of intent under which the No. 3 automaker would buy ailing American Motors Corp. (AMC), the fifth-largest U.S. automaker, in a deal valued at \$757 million, the companies said Monday.

AMC President Joseph Cappy, in a terse statement, said AMC received a letter Monday detailing the purchase proposal. "We are studying the proposal," be said, adding that AMC would have no further comment until

Chrysler reported \$22.59 bil-lion in sales in 1986, and AMC's sales totalled \$3.46 billion. Together, the companies' sales last year would have totalled \$26.05 billion, far sbort of second-ranked Ford Motor Co.'s \$62.72 billion.

Under the \$757 million deal. Chrysler would trade \$522 million in Chrysler stock for AMC's outstanding shares, five Renault a \$200 million, 10-year, eight per cent note for its AMC interest and pay Renault \$35 million in cash, said Chrysler Vice President James Tolly.

Financial conditions worsen for 15 heavily indebted states

WASHINGTON (AP) — Financial conditions of 15 heavily indebted countries targeted for special help by the United States worsened last year and are not expected to improve in 1987, according to an association of the world's leading banks.

In October 1985, when Treas- year," the summary said. ury Secretary James Baker proposed the aid, the 15 nations owed \$437.4 hillion. At the end of 1986, the figure had climbed to \$462 billion, the Institute of International Finance said in a re-

port released Monday. The figures were contained in a summary of a paper on the future of international lending, given to member banks in confidence Jan.

"The external performance of countries included in the Baker plan deteriorated sharply in 1986 and not expected to improve this

It added that the countries continue to rely beavily on international reserves, and on "concerted lending." Concerted lending consists of loans made by commercial banks under pressure from their governments and the International Monetary Fund, as distinct from the "voluntary lending" that the banks do on their own judg-

The countries are: Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Ivory Coast, Mexico, Morocco, Nigeria, Peru, Philip-pines, Uruguay, Venezuela and with interest payments.

The report said the international accounts of the 15 were near balance in 1985, but had a \$13 billion deficit in 1986. Their reserves increased by \$2 billion in 1985 and fell by \$5 billion in 1986, it said.

Their increased need of financing was blamed largely on a drop in the prices of their exports, such

as oil, minerals and other goods. Mr. Baker proposed new loans of \$29 billion for the 15 countries over three years in expectation of new fiscal policies in the borrowing countries. He and international financial leaders have complained recently that the hanks

are slow in making new loans. The World Bank now estimates total Third World deht at well over \$1 trillion, in part because many countries have not kept up

West German economy weakens

BONN (R) — Figures Tuesday confirmed that the powerful West German economy stagnated to-wards the end of 1986, and the government said expansion in the early part of this year may also turn out to be relatively weak. The Federal Statistics Office

said gross nationa! product (GNP) in the German economy, which the United States and others want to act as a "locomotive" of world expansion, grew 2.4 per cent in 1986 after 2.5 per cent in 1985.

The office earlier bad pro-visionally put 1986 GNP growth at 2.5 per cent. In the final three months of last

changed against the July-September quarter, up 2.4 per cent against the same period in 1985. The economics ministry meanwhile said that GNP figures for the first quarter of this year may turn ont relatively weak, partly because of severe winter weather

The appreciation of the Deutschemark against a sagging dollar has pinched West German exporters by making their goods relatively more expensive in world markets.

and weaker exports.

According to the statistics office, exports of goods and services provisionally fell 0.9 per cent in real terms in the final three months of 1986, compared with the same period in 1985.

The United States and several West European nations want measures this year to fire up the faltering German economy and increase domestic demand for

U.S. economic expansion is sluggish. Meanwhile, as the United States acts to correct its hage trade deficit, which hit almost \$170 billion last year, economists say that its capacity to help the global economy to grow by absorbing more goods is likely to year, GNP was provisionally un-

> The hope is that countries such as West Germany and Japan, which have been running lange surpluses, will make up for that. At the Feh. 22 Paris meeting of finance ministers of the United States, Japan, West Germany, France, Britain and Canada, the West Germans and Japanese pledged action to stimulate their

Commenting on the GNP fi-gures released, the economics policies.

ministry said the fourth quarter of 1986 was, in fact, marked hy higher domestic demand and also by clearly lower exports.

The ministry said higher domestic demand was satisfied increasingly hy imports in the

Higher domestic demand in West Germany helped the economies of Bonn's trading partners, it said. Also, West Germany's own trade surplus fell sharply in real terms because of currency

not change much in the shortterm. Foreign trade developments will likely continue to bave a dampening economic influence for the time being," the ministry, "Therefore, and not least be-

This picture will foreseeably

cause of the influence of unfavourable weather, GNP data for the first quarter of 1987 may prove to be relatively weak," it

The ministry said the GNP figures for the fourth quarter confirmed the basic healthy state of West Germany's economy and the soundness of its economic

Sri Lanka expects lower growth

COLOMBO (R) — Sri Lanka a five per cent increase in 1985. expected lower economic growth this year through a combination battling a three-year-old Tamil aid, he said. About \$550 million of higher defence spending, separatist war which officials said in aid was expected this year, drought and depressed export had pushed defence spending to compared to \$700 million in 1986. prices, Finance and Planning Minister Rounie De Mel said. This year's 10 billion rupees

(\$375 million) defence budget had already risen by two billion rupees (\$75 million), Mr. De Mel told Reuters in an interview. It might rise even more by the end of the year.

Defence spending last year was almost 11 billion rupees (\$407 million).

He estimated gross domestic product would increase by about three per cent this year. Officials estimated that gross domestic product last year rose between 3.5 and 4.0 per cent, compared to

nearly 17 per cent of the national budget this year.

The conflict had reduced tourism by 50 per cent and cut internal trade by 30 per cent, they To pay for the defence rise, Mr. Del Mel said, the govern-

ment planned to cut the 33 billion rupees (\$1.2 billion) capital expenditure budget by 12 per cent. Sri Lanka's current drought,

described by the meteorology department the worst since 1951, would also have an impact on the economy, Mr. Del Mel said, with a decline in rice, tea, coconut and

The reduction in capital pro-The Sri Lankan government is jects also meant a drop in foreign

> Sri Lanka had applied to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) for up to 6.5 billion rupees (\$241 million) in loans this year to shore up balance of payments difficulties, Mr. Del Mel said.

> The IMF had expressed doubts over Sri Lanka's ability to limit its budget deficit because of defence spending increases.

Despite budget problems and a debt service ratio of almost 30 per cent, Mr. Del Mel said Sri Lanka would still be able to meet its foreign debt payments and would not have to resort to resche-



48 Borodom 50 Sellor 51 Wire mes

51 Wire measure 52 Norm: abbr. 54 Ge back 57 Olive's man 50 Japheth's brother 51 Extinct bird 53 Mellowed 64 Grace 88 Refuse allowence

allowance 69 Dress shape

70 Move slowly 71 Villain's foe 72 Playgrounds

DOWN

6 Upright 10 Towering 11 Fertile earth 12 Minestrone 13 Just 18 Soaks flax 23 Document addition 25 Space 26 So soon

Peanuts







YES, I KNOW,



Mutt n' Jeff







Andy Capp



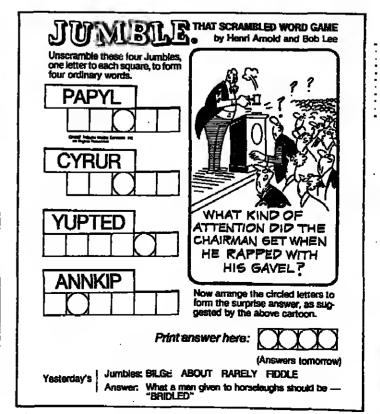






THE BETTER HALF By Harris 0:0 "Santa goes to every country in the world. I bet he's flying a covert spy

mission for the C.I.A.!"



Cruz resignation called a blow to long term U.S. contra aid

WASHINGTON (R) — Moderate Nicaraguan rebel leader Arturo Cruz's decision to resign is a potentially crippling blow to both rebel cooperation and long-term U.S. military aid. according to congressmen and rebel officials.

Cruz announced in Costa Rica that he would resign from the three-member directorate of the United Nicaraguan Opposition (UNO), the rebel umbrella group.

He said his effort to hring more Nicaraguan opposition groups into the rebel movement and to place its forces under civilian control "has been exhausted."

Cruz — a former banker and one-time ambassador to Washington for Nicaragua's Sandinista government — has been regarded as a moderate leader who commands the hroadest sup-

DHAKA (R) — Two more students died Tuesday of injuries

from a bomb blast which killed a

student leader and provoked hun-

dreds of bomb explosions across

Monday night killed the student

leader instantly and wounded

two of the eight died Tuesday in

the operating theatre and the

students earlier Tuesday ex-

ploded hundreds of bombs as a

protest strike over bus fares

turned into a campaign against President Hossain Mohammad

Police said no one was hurt by

the home-made explosives

planted by students but three

vehicles were damaged in Chitta-

gong and a government office was

Banks, shops and non-govern-

ment offices were closed and all

vehicles in the capital, Dhaka,

were off the streets during the

eight-hour stoppage. Trains

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) -

Australia has warned it may get

that sign fishing agreements with

The radio quoted an unidenti-

The report follows last week's

visit by Soviet Foreign Minister

Eduard Shevardnadze, the high-

est-ranking Kremlin official to

A Foreign Ministry spokesman

contacted by the Associated Press

did not deny the story, but de-

Prime Minister Boh Hawke

said after the visit he was not

clear on Soviet intentions in the

region, despite Mr. Shevard-

nadze's assurances that Moscow

seeks only to upgrade its com-

Australia, hacked by the Un-

ited States, repeatedly has

warned that Soviet efforts could

destabilise the region and inevit-

ahly lead to spying on natious that have a combined population

In January, the Soviet Union

signed a \$1.5 million fishing

agreement with Vanuatu, 2,250 kilometres north east of Austra-

lia. The pact includes access to

fied foreign affairs source in its

he Soviet Union, Rad

lia reported Tuesday.

tour Australia.

clined any comment.

mercial activities.

of 2 million.

Australia warns against

Pacific ties with Soviets

tough with Pacific island nations Pacific nation to sign a fishing

set on fire in Rajshahi.

Ershad.

Outraged hy Monday's killing.

other six were critically ill.

Hospital doctors told Reuters

The blast at Dhaka University

Bangladesh Tuesday,

university bomb blast

port in the U.S. Congress. In Washington, opposition Democrats said his resignation

would bolster their drive to cut off U.S. military aid to the rebels, although they said it would not stop the release of \$40 million in the next few months.

Senator Christopher Dodd, a leading opponent of U.S. aid to the so-called contra rebels, said Cruz's resignation would increase opposition from congressmen whose support depends on demo-cratic reform of the rebel move-

"Arturo Cruz has just disco-3 killed in Bangladesh

moved irregularly but airport

officials said planes left on sche-

The strike called by opposition

students and backed by the Bang-

ladesh Nationalist Party (BNP) to

protest against higher transport

fares turned into an anti-govern-

ment violence after student lead-

er Mahhuhul Haq Bahlu was kil-

led and eight others burt in an

explosion at Dhaka University.

Police said Bahlu, general secretary of the BNP student

wing, was killed by a bomb which

he and his colleagues were mak-

BNP leader Begum Khaleda Zia described Bahlu's death as

"new conspiracy hy the govern-ment to annihilate its political

This will give us strength to

turn our grief into a determina-

tion to oust this illegal govern-

ment," she told a party rally,

while hailing the strike a success.

Matin, who is also home minister,

told parliament Monday night be

would soon place a full report

Kiribati was the first South

deal, but the one-year agreement

agreement over renewal of \$1.7

The Tongan Minister for De-

fence and Foreign Affairs, Crown

Prince Tupouto'a, was in Moscow

for trade talks last month. Radio

Australia reported that Mr. She-

lapsed last October atter a

million in license fees.

before the house on the blast.

the island nation's ports.

Deputy Prime Minister Abdul

ing to use in the strike.

dule on domestic routes.

a long time ago - that the contra movement's not a democratic movement," Sen. Dodd, a Connecticut Democrat, said.

The resignation came only two days before a vote in the Democratic-controlled House of Representatives for a 180-day moratorium on \$40 million in U.S. military and other aid, part of a \$100 million contra aid package that Congress last autumn approved for this year.

Even if the moratorium were passed by both the House and Senate, its supporters admit they would not have enough votes two-thirds - to override a presidential veto.

But Sen. Dodd and other Democrats said Cruz's resignation would increase the chances of defeating Mr. Reagan's re- public meeting-place.

 In Miami, rebel officials said Cruz's departure would deepen the crisis in their ranks and said they also feared it might jeopar-dise future aid to the U.S.-backed movement.

With Cruze gone, some people in Washington will accuse us once again of being undemocratic," a senior rebel official said Some senior rebel officials said

Cruz's resignation appeared to have been triggered by . fierce opposition from conservatives to proposed reforms at a meeting of UNO's general assembly over the weekend in San Jose, Costa Rica.

In a major setback for the Nicaragnan rebel movement, Costa Rica has announced that the rebels will no longer be allowed to use this country as a

Pravda cites failure of Shultz visit to China

MOSCOW (R) - U.S. Secretary Reagan's Strategic Defeuce Insettle differences hetween Washin ton and Peking during a visit to China this month, the Communist Party daily Pravda said Tuesday.

It said Mr. Shultz had sought to woo Peking by advertising capitalism during the five-day visit but China had stressed its independence and was striving to maintain a balanced relationship with the United States and the Soviet Union.

Differences had been expressed over U.S. restrictions on imports from China, certain areas of foreign policy and President lations with Moscow.

of State George Shultz failed to itiative (SDI) for a partly spacebased missile defence system, Pravda said. "He (Shultz) noted that in their

approach to international problems they had some common and similar views but also differences of opinion." Pravda said.

'China ... is striving for a balanced and independent foreign policy," it added.

The newspaper said the U.S. delegation had assessed relations with the Soviet Union "more correctly than in the past" and declared without reservation Mr. Reagan's desire for improved re-

Policeman, shopkeeper killed in Punjab attacks

Sikh extremists, shot dead a Sikh police official near the Punjabi town of Jullundur Tuesday, the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency reported.

PTI said that subinspector Mohinder Singh was killed in a village near Jullundur as he was

going to work.
PII also reported that a Sikh sbopkeeper identified as Valsa

NEW DELHI (R) — Two Monday night in Faridkot disassailants, believed to have been trict. Another man was injured in trict. Another man was injured in a separate incident.

Police said the attacks were part of a violent campaign conducted by extremists for an independent Sikh homeland. About 150 people have been killed this

Armed men killed an imprisoned supporter of India's ruling party and freed seven Communist supporters from a jail in Bihar Singh was shot dead by three men state, PTI reported Monday.

'Blocking aid would reduce U.S. leverage on Pakistan'

threatening to cut off U.S. assistance would spur Pakistani development of atomic weapons and undermine resistance to Soviet intimidation in the region.

Mr. Redman's comments

appeared designed to allay Pakis-

tani fears of aid cutoff sparked by

a U.S. diplomat's recent speech

U.S. Ambassador Deane Hin-

ton said in a speech on Feb. 16

nomic aid planned for the next six

vardnadze said a fishing agree-Blocking aid would reduce ment also was discussed. U.S. leverage on the Pakistani government and "create incen-During a visit to Tonga last year, Tupouto'a told Australia's tives for Pakistan to ignore our Foreign Minister Bill Hayden concerns and push forward in the that his country bad no economidirection of nuclear weapons accally viable fishery resources. quisition," State Department Australia is the biggest aid spokesman Charles E. Redman Monday said.

donor in the region. It currently provides more than \$200 million in aid annually to Papua New Ginnea. Under the current fiveyear plan, the smaller island nations will share in a similar

Radio Australia said the suggestion that aid sanctions could be used to block Soviet inroads reflects the concern now felt in Canberra. It said nine of the 11 fully independent nations in the region rely on Australian aid and. to a lesser extent, on New Zealand for their economic survival.

WASHINGTON (AP) — The range on grounds it could lead State Department has said that to the development of atomic weapons, but certified to Congress last year that such arms had not been assembled yet.

> Mr. Redman reiterated the U.S. view that the "question of non-proliferation has been a central national security concern,' and a "key issue for our relationship with Pakistan."

But he added, "shifting to a policy of threats and public ultimata would in our view decrease, not increase, the likelihood that we would achieve our non-proliferation goals."

Undermining the credibility of the security relationship with condemning the country's nuclear the U.S. would itself create incentives for Pakistan to ignore our concerns and push forward in the direction of nuclear weapons acquisition," Mr. Redman said. In addition, he said, "our

that Pakistan's nuclear develop-ment plans could endanger \$4.02 billion in U.S. military and eco- assistance for Pakistan, is of course, important to sustaining Pakistan's ability to resist Soviet dent Ronald Reagan repeatedly our support for the Afghan resistance."

Ecuador searches for survivors of mudslides

QUITO, Ecuador (AP) - Rescue workers searched a sea of brown bud in eastern Ecuador for survivors of giant mudslides that entombed villages, buried buses and killed hundreds of people after a series of earthquake.

As news of the disaster's magnitude trickled out from the isolated jungle area days after the mudslides, officials Quito dispatched armed forces' planes and belicopters to find and treat survi-

"I don't want to cause alarm, but the truth is that the destruction is one grand scale," President Leon Febres Cordero told journalists Monday after flying over the hardest hit areas, about 195 kilometres south east of

Provincial officials said hundreds of people had been killed and thousands left homeless.

The earthquakes also snapped Ecuador's most important oil pipeline. The hreak forced the government to indefinitely cut off oil exports, the source of more than 60 per cent of the country's export earnings in recent years.

At least two powerful earthquakes and several smaller ones jolted eastern Ecuador Thursday night and Friday. They were fol-lowed by mudslides that crashed the region's isolation.

and devastated many villages in the Amazon Basin east of the spine-like mountain range running the length of the country.
"There are hundreds of dead,"

Jorge Gonzalez, a senior administrator in Napo province, said in a telephone interview with the Associated Press. "Medical attention is needed urgently for the injured."

He said he could not be more specific in his estimate of casualties, but several newspapers in the capital published unconfirmed reports that more than 300 people were killed.

Two U.S. Air Force planes landed in Quito on Sunday, bringing the first foreign relief supplies. The U.S. emhassy said the 50 tons (45 metric tons) of supplies included 5,000 hlankets and 500 tents.

Mr. Cordero met in emergency session with his cabinet on Monday to discuss relief measures. In Quito, where the quakes panicked residents and caused

property damage, officials initially reported no casualties from the temblors. Rescue officials said confirmation of casualties and damages in the eastern jungle was slow reaching Quito because of

Prague begins trial of 5 **Jazz Section activists**

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia (AP) trial. The others had been re-- Five independent Czech cultural activists went on trial Tuesday in what dissidents and Western human rights groups are calling the biggest political trial in the Soviet Bloc country since 1979.

The five are leading representatives of the Jazz Section, an independent publishing and musical organisation that claims 7,000 members. The trial was drawn strong criticism from human rights groups and Western governments. Jaaz Section leader Karel Srp

and Vladimir Konril were escorted into the courtroom in handcuffs that were later taken

They were the only two of

seven leading members of the group, arrested on Sept. 2, 1986, who remained in jail pending

The other defendants who appeared in court were Josef Skalnik, Tomas Krivanek and Cestmir Hunat. All five were charged with un-

leased in December and January.

authorised economic activity, a charge that carries a sentence of two to eight years. Srp, Kouril and Skalnik also

were charged with preparing to damage socialist property, punishable with one to six years

Charter 77 signatory and play-wright Vaclav Havel, who has served 41/2 years in jail was among some 200 supporters jamming the corridor outside the courtroom. Havel said he was there to

show support for his friends in the Jazz Section.

Mobs attack Indian-owned shops in Madagascar town

ANTANANARIVO (R) - southern towns of Antsirabe Mobs attacked about a dozen Indian-owned shops Monday evening in the Madagascar town of Fianarantsoa, resident said Tuesday by telephone.

The security force rapidly in-

tervened and ended the disturbances within two hours, they told Reuters from the town, 300 kilometres south of the capital, Antananarivo. Residents said they heard gun-

fire and reports that at least two people were wounded or killed in the rioting.

The Indian and Pakistani community in Madagascar, which numbers about 10,000, came under attack last month in the Farafangana and Toliara, apparently because native Madagascans resent their relative

Hundreds of the Indians, known locally as Karana, have abandoned their businesses in the provinces and fled to the capital for safety. Long queues have formed out-

side the French embassy and the Madagascan Ministry of Interior as the Indians try to arrange visas to leave the island either temporarily or permanently.

The Indians are mostly leaving for the nearby French-ruled islands of Mayotte or Reunion or direct to Europe.

Soviets free another dissident

MOSCOW (AP) — Dissident scientist Andrei Sakharov has said that a human rights activist whose freedom he had sought was released from a prison in the

Dr. Sakharov told the Associated Press by telephone that he received a call Monday night from Genrikh Altunyan, who said he had been released earlier in the day and was at his home in Kharkov.

founders of the Initiative Group for the Defence of Human Rights, one of the first Soviet dissident networks established to monitor the government's compliance with international accords on personal freedoms.

He was sentenced in 1969 to three years in a labour camp for his activities with the group. He was arrested again in 1980 and sentenced to seven years in labour camp to be followed by five years in exile.

Altunyan, 53, was among the

through the control of hereditary factors in mating, the document warns. "This would constitute an act of violence and a serious offense to the equality, dignity and fundamental rights of the

human person."

Central to the Vatican reasoning are two principles espoused by the church - that the life of every human being must be respected from the moment of conception and that the only acceptable way to give birth to a child is through natural sexual acts between married spouses.

"No biologist or doctor can reasonably claim, by virtue of his scientific competence, to be able to decide on people's origin and destiny," the document says in the introduction. "It would be ... illusory to claim that scientific research and its applications are morally neutral. Science without conscience can only lead to man's

The document was put together over several years with the help of scientists, theologians and church officials, the Vatican

forms of test-tube births because it is "immoral to produce human embryos destined to be exploited as disposable hiological material" and because fertilisation is realised through the actions of third parties like doctors and biologists, "establishing the domination of technology over the origin and destiny of the human

The church, it says, cannot ignore the "legitimate aspirations of sterile couples" to have a child. But the child "is not an object to which one has a right, nor can be considered as an object of own-ership," it says. "Rather, a child is a gift" of God and as such, couples should not use a morally illicit method to acquire a child.

The document says at one point that if technical means facilitate fertilisation, it can be morally acceptable. It does not elaborate. Italian experts said they interpreted this as the church's sanction of using sperm gathered after a sexual act, and not through masturbation which the Vatican condemns, to miect into the uterus during the woman's fertile period for ferti-

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Hillary believes Everest is highest peak

NEW DELHI (R) - Sir Edmund Hillary, one of the two first men on the summit of Mount Everest, said Tuesday he still believed it to be the world's highest peak despite an assertion made last week another peak was higher. "It's interesting, but I have yet to be convinced," said Hillary, now New Zealand's high commissioner in New Delhi, commenting on a statement by an American scientific team that K-2, regarded as the Himalayas second highest peak, might be a few metres higher than Everest. "For so many years people have been claiming that this or that other peak was higher, and it proved not to he the case," he told Reuters. "So I basically doubt it this time." Everest's height is generally accepted as 8,848 metres and that of K-2 as 8,611 metres. But the University of Washington team, using sopbisticated measuring devices, said their calculations meant K-2 could be higher. Asked how it would feel to discover that he might have climbed only the world's second highest mountain, Hillary, who conquered Everest along with Tezing Norgay Sherpa on May 29 1953, said: "I don't feel really deeply on the topic. We have had 34 years of credit for climbing the highest peak." he told Reuters. If by some strange chance it turned out not to be true, we should still have had a good run. "Anyway," he said. "I basically don't

China suspends magazine with nude photo

HONG KONG (R) - A Chinese magazine has been banned after carrying a photograph of a naked 13-year-old girl, a publishing firm has said. The Chinese authorities also recalled 100,000 copies of the magazine 'Special Zone Literature, an official of the joint publishing company said. The company is a pro-Peking firm which markets mainland publications in Hong Kong. The magazine, published in the Shenzhen Soecial Economic Zone which borders Hong Kong, carried the picture in its January issue. The publishing company official declined to comment on the future of the magazine's editorial staff. The editors of two Shenzhen newspapers were sacked in January as part of China's current campaign against bourgeois liberalism. The newspapers, Youth Daily and Workers Daily, were closed

Largest painting goes on display

LONDON (R) - A picture of a legendary king, the largest painting put up for auction and a work which once stirred controversy over an obvious display of nudity, went on display ahead of a sale in London later this month. Winter Solstice painted by Swedish artist Carl Larsson between 1911 and 1915. was expected to fetch up to £1 million (\$1.5 million) at a sale of Scandinavian paintings on March 25, the auctioneers Sothehy's told Reuters. The work, which consists of two huge canvases and measures 6.5 metres by 13.5 metres, had gone on display at London's Barbican centre because it was too large to fit into Sotheby's galleries, a spokesman said. The painting shows King Domalde offering himself naked as a sacrifice to the Gods to save his people from famine. "It sparked controversy when it was completed as one of the murals's for the National Museum of Stockholm because of its violence and ohvious show of nudity," the spokesman said. The largest painting to be auctioned so far was a three metre by 26 metre canvas called F-111 hy James Rosenquist which was sold last November.

Duffy murder suspect to go on trial

BOULDER, Montana (AP) — One of two men charged in the shotgun slaying of movie star Patrick Duffy's parents is expected to argue this week he was coerced into taking part in the crime, court papers show. Jury selection was began in a district court in the trial of Kenneth Miller, 19. Sean Wentz, 19, Miller's alleged accomplice in the slaying of Terrence and Marie Duffy will be tried separately. Patrick Duffy, who plays Bobby Ewing on the popular television series Dallas, has said he will not attend the trial. State district Judge Frank Davis said Miller's trial is expected to last up to two weeks, especially after the Montana supreme court chastised him last week for rushing jury selection in another trial. Miller and Wentz are charged with two counts each of deliberate homicide, robbery and assault, Prosecutor John Connor Jr. bas not said whether he will seek the death

Police detain 82-year-old drug suspect

IRUN, Spain (R) — Spanish police arrested an 82-year-old Dutchman with 7.5 kilos of heroin in his car, officials said. The man was detained when he tried to enter Spain from France at an international bridge crossing in this northern border city.

'Supermarkets fail in China'

HONG KONG (R) — Supermarkets, which have changed shopping habits in the West, have failed in China, a report from the official China News Service said. In a report monitored in Hong Kong, the agency said that many of the more than 150 supermarkets in China had closed down recently for lack of business. Several supermarkets which have opened in Peking over the past four years closed their doors last month, the agency said. Sales in the city's 33 supermarkets were down by 62 per cent last year from 1985. Five of the nine supermarkets in the southern city of Canton went out of husiness because they could not compete with other state-owned stores, the agency said. "While we must maintain our open-door policy, this shows we cannot follow hlindly anything which may be good in the Wesi." the agency

Wheels of justice grind slowly

NEW DELHI (R) — Seekers after justice in India face a long wait, according to figures released by the government. More than 150,000 cases are pending before the Indian supreme court, and just over 2,000 have been at that stage for a decade nr longer. Twenty thousands have been waiting for three years or more. In a statement to the upper house of parliament, the government said that apart from increasing the number of supreme court judges. they would also be made to work more days each year. In addution, a complete review of India's legal system would be conducted to find ways to minimise bureaucracy and to streamline procedures. The statement also revealed wide differences in the performance of Indian high courts. Just one court in Uttar Pradesh state had a waiting list of nearly 300,000 cases, while in the entire state of Sikkim only 56 high court cases were pending.

Sinatra has scar tissue operation

LOS ANGELES (R) - Frank Sinatra has had his third operation in four months, this time for the removal of excess scar tissue, his press agent said. "The removal of the tissue was a very, very superficial procedure and Sinatra should leave the Eisenhower Medical Centre, in Palm Springs, California, in a couple of days," press agent Lee Solters said. The 71-year-old singer, who earns an estimated \$3.5 million a year, had a foot-long (30-cm) section of his intestines and an abscess removed in a two-hour operation at the centre last November. A hospital spokesman said then there were no complications and no evidence of cancer. After appearing in an episode of the television series Magnum P.I., starring Tom Selleck, Sinatra returned to the hospital in January for unidentified surgery. Solters said the removal of the scar tissue stemmed from the November operation.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

READ 'EM AND REAP Both vulnerable North deals.

4 K 63 [™] A 1054 4AQ963 WEST. EAST **‡Q**104 ∇J987 49875 ↑Q974 #J82 K5 ♦ K1074 SOUTH

7 K 6 3 North East South West I : I NT Pass Pass Pass 2 NT. Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: Nine of 4. It is all very well to know that every card tells a story. You have

to learn to read the book. We do not envy North's plight at his third turn. He had started to describe his distribution, but he had not yet shown his strength. He eventually decided that, although his shape was not ideal, a rebid of two no trump gave a reasonably accurate picture of his holding. South had just enough to go nn to game.

West led the top of his spade sequence, and a natural play for de-clarer would be allow that to run and seven overall. The only place then to look for the two extra That, however, would require not only a successful finesse in the

against the odds. The opening lead almost surely marked East for the queen of spades. If that were so, a more promising line presented itself. The diamond suit could be set up if it broke 3-3, or 4-2 with one hand

having a doubleton honor. Declarer won the king of spades at trick one, cashed the ace of diamonds and came to hand with the king of hearts to lead a low diamond! East's king won, but he could do declarer no harm. His heart return was won on the table and a spade was led to the jack. When that held, it was all over but the shouting. Declarer continued with the jack of diamonds to the queen, and he still had the ace of spades as an entry to get back to his hand to cash the inng diamonds. Declarer ended up with an

programme.

round to his hand. That would guarantee three tricks in the suit tricks would be in the club suit.

4 combination is considerably

sint, but a 4-3 break as well. Such

Vatican condemns test-tube births, surrogate motherhood to improve the human species

VATICAN CITY (AP) — The Vatican on Tuesday condemned all forms of test-tube births. surrogate motherhood and experimentation on living embryos, declaring that the human body cannot be treated as a "mere complex of tissues and organs.

The Vatican also rejected as morally illicit cloning, attempts to fashion animal-human hybrids. freezing off embroys and the planting of buman embryos in artificial and animal uteruses. It said, however, that prenatal

diagnosis is permissible if the

methods used safeguard the life

and integrity of the embryo and the mother. "But this diagnosis is gravely opposed to the moral law when it is done with the thought of possibly inducing an abortion depending upon the results," it said. "A diagnosis which shows the exist-

ence of a malformation or a bereditary illness must not be the equivalent of a death sentence." The Vatican position was contained in a 40-page document and written by the Congregation

for the Doctrine of the Faith, the

Vatican's guardian and promoter

of Romal Catholic orthodoxy.

It is entitled "instruction on respect for human life in its origin and on the dignity of procreation - replies to certain questions of By virtue of its substantial un-

ion with a spiritual soul, the human body cannot he considered as a mere complex of tissues, organs and functions, nor can it be evaluated in the same way as the body of animals," the document says. Vatican officials, who spoke on

the usual condition they would

not be identified, said any Roman

Catholic who "willingly knowingly" violates the directives will be committing sin. The document urges govern-ment authorities and legislators to be watchful of new biomedical techniques because "an unconstrolled application of such techniques could lead to unforeseeable

It specifically calls on governments to outlaw sperm and approved by Pope John Paul II emhryo banks and surrogate motherhood.

and damaging consequences for

civil society.

All these techniques, if left un-checked, could lead to "a system of radical eugenics," or attempt

It says the church is against all (عملة ا صنه الأحل